ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 TOGETHER WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

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ORGANIZATION

SCHOOL OFFICIALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

<u>Elective</u>	Office	Term Expires
Julianne Emerson	Chair	12/31/18
Penny Bennett	Vice-Chair	12/31/16
Tim Hagenah	Treasurer	12/31/16
Stephanie Gibson	Clerk	12/31/18
Michael Gay	Trustee	12/31/16
Susan Karp	Trustee	12/31/18
Appointive		
Peter Haapala	Superintendent	



Independent Auditor's Report

To the School Board Independent School District No. 93 Carlton, Minnesota

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Independent School District No. 93, Carlton, Minnesota (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the District adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date during fiscal year 2015. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States require that the management's discussion and analysis, pages 4 – 8, information about the District's other postemployment health care plan, page 46, and information about the District's net pension liability, pages 47 - 48, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's financial statements as a whole. The combining fund financial statements and fiscal compliance table are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the financial statements. The combining fund financial statements, fiscal compliance table, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. In our opinion, the combining fund financial statements, fiscal compliance table and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 9, 2015, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Wipfli LLP

November 9, 2015 Duluth, Minnesota

appli LLP



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

As management of Independent School District No. 93 (District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for the 2014-2015 fiscal year include the following:

- Total net position (deficit) was \$(1,038,125) at June 30, 2015, an increase of 30.02% over the prior year.
- Overall actual revenues in the Statement of Activities were \$6,207,465 and expenses were \$5,762,150.
- General Fund total fund balance increased \$230,009 during fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial section of the annual report consists of four parts - Independent Auditor's Report, required supplementary information which includes the Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), the basic financial statements and supplemental information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District.

District-wide Statements

The district-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two district-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating. To assess the overall health of the District you need to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (i.e., uncollected taxes and earned but unused compensated absences).

The district-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, student transportation, and operation of non-instructional services.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements, state statutes, and to control and manage money for particular purposes. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds - Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds. Governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows of cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash, as well as the balances at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the government funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps to determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs.

Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the district-wide statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the district-wide financial statements. A reconciliation is provided to facilitate a comparison between government funds financial statements and district-wide financial statements.

Fiduciary funds - The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, such as the student activity funds and the postemployment benefits irrevocable trust. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. We exclude these activities from the district-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operation.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a district's financial position. In the case of the District, liabilities exceeded assets by \$1,038,125 as of June 30, 2015.

Statement of Net Position

JI	une 30,	2014
	2015	Restated
Capital assets Current and other assets Total assets	\$ 1,753,112 4,495,005 6,248,117	\$ 1,859,702 4,271,463 6,131,165
Deferred outflows of resources	548,300	221,166
Long-term liabilities Current liabilities Total liabilities	4,177,299 1,562,039 5,739,338	5,388,000 1,345,629 6,733,629
Deferred inflows of resources	2,095,204_	1,102,142
Net position Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted (deficit)	1,413,112 203,258 (2,654,495)	1,464,702 229,271 (3,177,413)
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (1,038,125)	\$ (1,483,440)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

Change in Net Position For the years ended June 30,

For the years ended June 30,				
		2015		2014
Revenues				
Program revenues				
Charges for services	\$	402,440	\$	425,277
Operating grants and contributions	Ψ	875,947	Ψ	992,816
General revenues		070,047		332,010
Property taxes		1,130,869		815,188
State aids		3,772,275		3,732,413
Other		25,934		43,229
Total revenues	,	6,207,465	2	6,008,923
101011000	-	0,201,400	-	0,000,020
Expenses				
District and school administration		552,616		556,865
District support services		302,445		431,140
Regular instruction		2,269,018		2,203,523
Vocational instruction		38,974		39,736
Exceptional instruction		902,897		982,490
Instructional support services		198,513		163,976
Pupil support services		356,902		431,400
Sites, building and equipment		577,331		562,438
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs		29,115		46,667
Food service		231,718		223,184
Community service		151,989		160,286
Interest and fiscal charges on long-term debt		63,910		71,782
Unallocated depreciation		86,722		89,425
Total expenses		5,762,150	-	5,962,912
Change in net position		445,315		46,011
Net position, beginning of year, (deficit)		(1,483,440)		1,929,219
Adjustment for valuation of net pension liability at June 30, 2014				(3,458,670)
Net position (deficit), beginning of year, restated		-	y <u>. </u>	(1,529,451)
Net position (deficit), end of year	\$	(1,038,125)	\$	(1,483,440)

The revenue and expense activity for the fiscal year 2014 has not been restated because the actuarial valuation used June 30, 2014 as the measurement date. Information related to the pension liability prior to that date is not available.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

The District has previously reported all financial information on a fund accounting basis. While the government-wide presentations are designed to present users with a more complete picture of the District's financial position and results of operation, the traditional fund accounting basis provides users with cash flow and available resources information.

The General Fund balance increased \$230,009 as a result of revenues exceeding expenditures.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The board of each school district must approve and adopt its revenue and expenditure budgets for the next school year prior to July 1 of each year. The budget document adopted is an expenditure-authorizing or appropriations document. No funds shall be expended by any board or district for any purpose in any school year prior to the adoption of the budget document which authorizes the expenditure or prior to an amendment to the budget document by the board to authorize the expenditure.

Carlton Independent School District No. 93's School Board approved an original budget that contained General Fund revenue (general, transportation, and capital funds) of \$5,249,511, which was revised to \$5,319,371 mostly due to updated student estimates.

Carlton Independent School District No. 93's School Board approved an original budget that contained General Fund expenditures and other financing uses (general, transportation, and capital funds) of \$5,254,823 which was revised to \$5,352,381, mostly due to additional purchased services for technology upgrades and the implementation of one to one digital devices grades 3-12.

While the District's final FY2015 General Fund budget anticipated that expenditures and other financing uses would exceed revenues by \$33,010, the actual results for the year had revenues exceeding expenditures and other financing uses by \$230,009.

Actual FY2015 revenues were \$220,210 more than anticipated. The main difference was due to estimated pupil units being higher than budgeted.

Actual FY2015 expenditures and other financing uses were \$42,809 less than anticipated. The main difference was due to personnel costs being less than budgeted.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Asset

By the end of fiscal year 2015, the District had invested \$5,919,468 in a broad range of capital assets, including land, school buildings, athletic facilities, buses and computer equipment. Total depreciation expense for the year was \$168,843. More detailed information about the District's capital assets is presented in Note 3 to the financial statements.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2015, the District had \$1,320,000 in general obligation bonds payable. Under current state statutes, the District's general obligation bonded debt issuances are subject to a legal limitation of 10 percent of the fair market value of property in the District. The District is within its legal authority for bonded debt.

The District also had \$64,087 in capital lease obligations, \$3,044,158 in net pension liability and \$95,369 in severance benefits payable at June 30, 2015.

More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 5 to the financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

Careful attention to expenditures during Fiscal Year 2015 has allowed the District to maintain and build its positive fund balance.

The School Board will need to provide continued support to administration and finance personnel for strict accountability of future expenditures in all areas along with necessary adjustments to staffing levels as student enrollments fluctuate. The School Board will also need to provide support for continued close scrutiny and improvement of all programs, processes and procedures.

The District's declining enrollment trend appears to have stabilized but efforts will be needed to maintain and increase enrollment. The District will need to provide educational programming that will attract students in order to maintain its fund balance.

Future needs for capital expenditures in the areas of curriculum, technology, transportation, and facilities will have a major bearing on the District's future.

Carlton has joined with other local school districts in forming the Northeast Area School Consortium to provide improved educational networking and communication, shared and expanded resources, enhanced professional development, and robust curriculum.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact the Business Office, Independent School District No. 93, PO Box 310, 405 School Avenue, Carlton, MN 55817-0310 or call Renee Eiffler, Business Manager, (218) 384-4225.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

	Governmental Activities
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Current assets	
Cash and temporary cash investments Current property taxes receivable	\$ 2,047,294
Delinquent property taxes receivable	516,406
Accounts receivable	51,915 19,087
Due from other Minnesota school districts	101,230
Due from Minnesota Department of Education	511,552
Due from federal government through	
the Minnesota Department of Education Due from federal government	171,053
Due from other governmental units	14,671
Inventory	11,903 9,743
Prepaid expenses	14,093
Total current assets	3,468,947
Noncurrent assets	
Prefunded OPEB obligation	1,026,058_
Capital assets, net of depreciation	
Assets not being depreciated	1,975
Assets being depreciated, net	1,751,137
Total capital assets, net of depreciation	1,753,112
Total noncurrent assets	2,779,170
Deferred outflows of resources	
Items related to pension plans	548,300
Asimo Politica de porteion pianto	340,300
Total assets and deferred outflow of resources	\$ 6,796,417
	=
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position	
Current liabilities	
Short-term debt	\$ 555,434
Salaries payable Accounts payable	379,159
Accrued payroll taxes	43,344
Interest payable	133,758 32,087
Severance payable	14,586
Due to other Minnesota school districts	54,431
Due to other governmental units	29
Unearned revenue	5,196
Current portion of long-term liabilities Total current liabilities	344,015
Total durient liabilities	1,562,039
Long-term liabilities	4,177,299
	1,111,200
Total liabilities	5,739,338
Deferred inflows of resources	
Property taxes levied for subsequent year's expenditures	4 470 070
Items related to pension plans	1,176,970
Total deferred inflows of resources	918,234 2,095,204
	2,095,204
Net position	
Net investment in capital assets	1,413,112
Restricted	203,258
Unrestricted Total net position	(2,654,495)
rotal not position	(1,038,125)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$ 6,796,417
a, activities of terral recognition	Ψ 0,730,417

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

						D		Re	(Expenses) evenue and Changes in
						am Revenue		N	et Position
			0.1			perating	Capital	_	
Eunotiona/Drograma				arges for		rants and	Grants and		overnmental
Functions/Programs	-	Expenses		ervices		ntributions	Contributions	ý 	Activities
Governmental activities									
District and school administration	\$	552,616	\$		\$		\$	\$	(552,616)
District support services	Ψ	302,445	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	Ψ	(302,445)
Regular instruction		2,269,018		186,353		528,408			(1,554,257)
Vocational instruction		38,974		100,000		020,400			(38,974)
Exceptional instruction		902,897		28,847		180,115			(693,935)
Instructional support services		198,513		20,047		100,110			(198,513)
Pupil support services		356,902		4,750		41,235			(310,917)
Sites, buildings and equipment		577,331		4,700		41,200			(577,331)
Fiscal and other fixed program									
costs		29,115							(29,115)
Food service		231,718		97,359		116,601			(17,758)
Community service		151,989		85,131		9,588			(57,270)
Interest and fiscal charges									
on long-term debt		63,910							(63,910)
Unallocated depreciation		86,722	()						(86,722)
Total governmental activities	\$	5,762,150	\$	402,440	\$	875,947	*	-	(4,483,763)
			Gener Tax	ral revenues es					
						d for general			811,093
						d for commu	•		49,874
						d for debt se			60,595
			Pr	operty taxes	, levie	d for post-em	nployment		
				ebt service					209,307
				e aid-formula	_				3,772,275
			Othe	er general re	venue	S			25,474
				stment earn	_				460
			To	tal general r	evenu	es			4,929,078
			Chang	je in net pos	ition				445,315
			Net po	osition, begin	ning c	of the year, re	estated		(1,483,440)
			Net po	sition, end o	of the y	/ear		\$	(1,038,125)

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

	General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets			
Cash and temporary cash investments	\$ 1,772,4		\$ 2,047,294
Current property taxes receivable	377,8	894 138,512	516,406
Delinquent property taxes receivable	37,4	427 14,488	51,915
Accounts receivable	13,7	799 5,288	19,087
Due from other Minnesota school districts	101,2	230	101,230
Due from the Minnesota Department of Education	504,8	6,743	511,552
Due from the federal government through			
the Minnesota Department of Education	155,8	376 15,177	171,053
Due from federal government	14,6	671	14,671
Due from other governmental units	11,9	903	11,903
Inventory	6,9	990 2,753	9,743
Prepaid expenses	14,0	093	14,093
Total assets	3,011,1		3,468,947
Deferred outflows of resources	, ,	,	, ,
Deletica datilone di resouloto	-		
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 3,011,1	\$ 457,808	\$ 3,468,947
Liabilities			
Short-term debt	\$ 555,4	134 \$	\$ 555,434
Salaries payable	363,5		379,159
Accounts payable	42,3		43,344
Accrued payroll taxes	129,8		133,758
Interest payable		387	8,887
Severance payable	14,5		14,586
Due to other Minnesota school districts	54,4		54,431
Due to other governmental units	J-7,-1	29	29
Unearned revenue		5,196	5,196
Total liabilities	1,169,2		1,194,824
Total liabilities	1,109,2	20,011	1,194,024
Deferred inflows of resources			
Delinquent property taxes	37,4	127 14,488	51,915
Property taxes levied for subsequent year's			
expenditures	832,1	122 344,848	1,176,970
Total deferred inflows of resources	869,5		1,228,885
Fund balances			
Nonspendable	21,0	083 2,753	23,836
Restricted	141,6	336 70,108	211,744
Assigned	183,9	972	183,972
Unassigned	625,6	886	625,686
Total fund balances	972,3		1,045,238
			\$
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 3,011,1	39 \$ 457,808	\$ 3,468,947

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$	1,045,238
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds. Cost of capital assets Less accumulated depreciation		5,919,468 (4,166,356)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, capital leases payable, OPEB obligation, and compensated absences payable are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. General obligation bonds		(1,317,700)
Capital leases OPEB obligation (asset) Compensated absences		(64,087) 1,026,058 (95,369)
The net pension liability and the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflow of resources related to pensions are only reported in the statement of net position. Net pension liability		(3,044,158)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions		(918,234) 548,300
Delinquent property taxes receivable will be collected this year, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore are deferred in the funds.		51,915
Governmental funds do not report a liability for accrued interest until due and payable.	/	(23,200)
Total net position - governmental activities	\$	(1,038,125)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Nonmajor General Governmental Fund Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Revenues				
Local property tax levies	\$ 812,698	\$ 319,392	\$ 1,132,090	
Other local and county revenues	243,651	95,544	339,195	
Revenue from state sources	4,142,600	54,810	4,197,410	
Revenue from federal sources	339,244	101,979	441,223	
Interest income	439	21	460	
Sales and other conversion of assets		97,359	97,359	
Insurance recovery and other	949		949	
Total revenues	5,539,581	669,105	6,208,686	
Expenditures				
Current				
District and school administration	551,649		551,649	
District support services	221,071		221,071	
Regular instruction	2,253,899		2,253,899	
Vocational instruction	38,974		38,974	
Exceptional instruction	902,505		902,505	
Community education and services		151,890	151,890	
Instructional support services	196,824	,	196,824	
Pupil support services	368,755	231,718	600,473	
Site, buildings, and equipment	530,865	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	530,865	
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs	29,115		29,115	
Debt service				
Principal	62,770	225,000	287,770	
Interest and other fiscal costs	3,816	62,980	66,796	
Capital outlay	33,294	99	33,393	
Total expenditures	5,193,537	671,687	5,865,224	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	346,044	(2,582)	343,462	
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in		116,035	116,035	
Transfers out	(116,035)		(116,035)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(116,035)	116,035		
Net change in fund balance	230,009	113,453	343,462	
Fund balance (deficit), beginning	742,368	(40,592)	701,776	
Fund balance, ending	\$ 972,377	\$ 72,861	\$ 1,045,238	

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Total net changes in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 343,462
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives as depreciated expense. Capital outlays Depreciation expense	62,253 (168,843)
Repayment of bond principal and other long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	287,358
Interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recognized as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, However, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.	3,298
Vested employee benefits are reported in the governmental funds when amounts are paid. The statement of activities reports the value of benefits earned during the year. Change in net OPEB obligation (asset) Change in compensated absences Change in deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Change in deferred inflows of resources related to pensions Change in pension liability	(69,220) (56,350) 327,134 (918,234) 635,678
Delinquent property taxes receivable will be collected this year, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditure, and therefore are deferred in the funds.	(1,221)
Change in net position - governmental activities	\$ 445,315

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Budget					Variance Over	
	Original		Final	Actual		(Under)	
Barraga							
Revenues						(10.00=)	
Local property tax levies	\$ 842,38		\$ 854,963	\$ 812,698	\$	(42,265)	
Other local and county revenues	228,47		184,239	243,651		59,412	
Revenue from state sources	3,811,24		3,932,036	4,142,600		210,564	
Revenue from federal sources	365,51		346,033	339,244		(6,789)	
Interest income	50		500	439		(61)	
Insurance recovery and other	1,40		1,600	949		(651)	
Total revenues	5,249,51	<u> </u>	5,319,371	5,539,581		220,210	
Expenditures							
Current							
District and school administration	541,47	1	551,533	551,649		116	
District support services	167,03		164,509	221,071		56,562	
Regular instruction	2,242,48		2,326,811	2,253,899		(72,912)	
Vocational instruction	39,56		39,163	38,974		(189)	
Exceptional instruction	930,59		932,558	902,505		(30,053)	
Instructional support services	162,80		219,714	196,824		(22,890)	
Pupil support services	378,04		387,600	368,755		(18,845)	
Site, buildings, and equipment	519,02		506,529	530,865		24,336	
Fiscal and other fixed cost	3.3,52		000,020	000,000		2-1,000	
programs	36,00	0	40,000	29,115		(10,885)	
Debt service	•		,	_0,		(10,000)	
Principal	62,77	0	62,770	62,770			
Interest and other fiscal costs	16,16	4	7,664	3,816		(3,848)	
Capital outlay	92,73		72,800	33,294		(39,506)	
Total expenditures	5,188,68	4	5,311,651	5,193,537		(118,114)	
Excess of revenues over expenditures	60,82	7	7,720	346,044	* ====	338,324	
Other financing uses							
Transfers out	(66,13	9)	(40,730)	(116,035)		75,305	
			(1,,	(,)	-		
Net change in fund balance	\$ (5,31)	2) \$	(33,010)	230,009	\$	263,019	
Fund balance, beginning				742,368	÷		
Fund balance, ending				\$ 972,377	5		

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

	Postemployment Benefits Irrevocable Trust Fund	Agency Funds
Assets Cash and temporary cash investments Investments Interest receivable Prepaid expenses	\$ 1,050,986 14,678 4,631	\$ 42,793
Total assets	\$ 1,070,295	 42,793
Liabilities Due to student groups	_\$	\$ 42,793
Net Position Restricted for postemployment benefits	1,070,295_	
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 1,070,295	\$ 42,793

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Postemployment Benefits Irrevocable Trust Fund
Additions Retiree contributions Investment earnings Total additions	\$ 38,482 9,655 48,137
Deductions Benefit payments	164,870_
Change in net position	(116,733)
Net position, beginning of the year	1,187,028
Net position, end of the year	\$ 1,070,295

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Independent School District No. 93 (District) was formed and operates pursuant to applicable Minnesota laws and statutes. The Governing Body consists of a six-member Board elected by voters of the District. Members are elected for three-year terms. The accounting policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board is the accepted standard setting board for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Reporting Entity

The District's financial statements include all funds, departments, agencies, boards, commissions, and other component units for which the District is considered to be financially accountable or for which the exclusion of would render the financial statements misleading. The District has considered all potential units for which it is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Based on this criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, there are no organizations considered to be component units of the District.

Extracurricular student activities are determined primarily by student participants under the guidance of an adult and are generally conducted outside of school hours. In accordance with Minnesota Statutes, the District's School Board has elected not to control or be otherwise financially accountable with respect to the underlying extracurricular activities.

Basic Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the statement of net position and the statement of activities) display information about the reporting government as a whole. These statements include all the financial activities of the District, except for the fiduciary funds. The fiduciary funds are only reported in separate financial statements at the fund financial statement level.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for the purpose for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available. Depreciation expense can be specifically identified by function and is included in the direct expenses of each function. Interest on long-term debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities. Generally, the effect of material interfund activity has been removed from the government-wide financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as a separate column in the fund financial statements. Aggregated information for the remaining nonmajor governmental funds is reported in a single column in the fund financial statements.

The fiduciary funds are presented in the fiduciary fund financial statements by type. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party (employees and student groups) and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the District, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied is determined by its measurement focus and basis of accounting. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are generally recognized as revenues in the fiscal year for which they are levied, except for amounts advance recognized in accordance with a statutory "tax shift" described later in these notes. Grants and similar items are recognized when all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this basis of accounting transactions are recorded in the following manner:

- 1. Revenue Recognition Revenue is recognized when it becomes measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Property tax revenue is generally considered as available if collected within 60 days after year-end. State revenue is recognized in the year in which it applies according to Minnesota Statutes. Minnesota Statutes include state aid funding formulas for specific fiscal years. Federal revenue is recorded in the year in which the related expenditure is made. Other revenue is considered available if collected within one year.
- 2. Recording of Expenditures Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred. However, expenditures are recorded as prepaid for approved disbursements or liabilities incurred in advance of the year in which the item is to be used. Principal and interest on long-term debt issues are recognized on their due dates.

A general summary of the nature and purpose of each of the funds maintained by the District follows:

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund - This fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund accounts for: administration, kindergarten through 12th grade instruction, transporting students to and from school, maintenance of facilities, equipment purchases, health and safety projects, and disabled accessibility projects.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds - These funds are used to account for proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted by law or administrative action to expense for specified purposes. The District has two special revenue funds:

Food Service Fund - is used to account for food service revenues and expenditures. Revenues consist of state and federal aids and sales to students and employees.

Community Service Fund - is used to account for services provided to residents in the areas of recreation, civic activities, nonpublic pupils, adult or early childhood programs, K-6 extended day programs, or other similar services. Revenues consist of state and federal aids and grants and fees from program participants.

Debt Service Funds - These funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term obligation principal and interest. The District has two debt service funds:

Debt Service Fund - The Debt Service Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for the retirement of principal and interest on all general obligation bond indebtedness. Assets of the Debt Service Fund are restricted to the payment of bond principal and interest.

Postemployment Benefits Debt Service Fund - is used to record levy proceeds and the repayment of the OPEB bonds.

Fiduciary Funds

Postemployment Benefits Irrevocable Trust Fund - This fund is used for reporting resources set aside and held in an irrevocable trust arrangement for postemployment benefits. District contributions to this fund must be expensed to an operating fund.

Agency Fund - This fund is used to account for assets that the District holds on behalf of others as their agent, which includes the Student Activity Fund. The Student Activity Fund is not under Board control.

Budgeting

Formal budgetary accounting is employed as a management control for all funds of the District. For each fund for which a formal budget is adopted, the budget is prepared on the same basis of accounting as the financial statements. The budget is adopted through passage of a resolution. The School Board must approve revisions. Legal budgetary control is at the fund account level.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Cash and Investments

Cash and investments of the individual funds are combined to form a pool and are invested to the extent available in various securities as authorized by state law. Earnings from the pooled investments are allocated to the respective funds on the basis of average cash balance participation by each fund.

Investments are stated at fair value.

Receivables

All receivables are shown net of any allowance for uncollectible amounts. No allowances for uncollectibles have been recorded. The only receivables not expected to be collected within one year are current property taxes receivable.

Inventory

The District maintains no central stores and, therefore, expenses supply items as purchased. However, inventories for food items have been recorded in the proper funds. The District values its inventories at cost, on a first-in, first-out basis.

Prepaid Expenses

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items. Prepaid items are reported using the consumption method and recorded as expenditure at the time of consumption.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are set by the school board and certified to the county auditor who acts as collecting agent, in December, of the year prior to collection. Taxes become a lien on property on the following January 1. Minnesota school districts operate under a levy limitation law that generally limits annual increases in taxes per capita. This law does not cover levies for bonded indebtedness.

Taxpayers, in two equal installments on May 15 and October 15, may pay real property taxes. Personal property taxes may be paid on February 28 and June 30. The county provides tax settlements to school districts and other taxing districts in January, March, June, and November or December. Portions of the tax levy paid by the state in the form of credits are included in revenue from state sources.

Generally, tax revenue is recognized in the fiscal year ending June 30, following the calendar year in which the tax levy is collectible, while the current calendar year tax levy is recorded as deferred revenue (property taxes levied for subsequent year). General fund revenue is determined annually by statutory funding formulas. These formulas allocate revenue between property taxes and state aids based on education funding priorities set by the Minnesota State Legislature. Changes in this allocation result in an annual change in property tax revenue recognition referred to as the "tax shift". In prior years, the amount of shift has varied between 0 and 50 percent.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The following is a summary of tax shift transactions by fund:

	(0.0%)				(0.0%)
	Total Shift June 30, 2014	State Aid Adjustment	Revenue Adjustment		otal Shift e 30, 2015
General Fund	\$ 60,899		\$	(32,234)	\$ 28,665

Taxes that remain unpaid are classified as delinquent taxes receivable. Revenue from these delinquent property taxes that is not collected within 60 days of year-end is deferred in the fund based financial statements because it is not known to be available to finance the operations of the District in the current year. No allowance for uncollectible taxes is considered necessary.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost based at cost if purchased; donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are recorded in the district-wide financial statements, but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives, ranging from five to fifty years.

Capital assets not being depreciated include land.

The District does not possess any material amounts of infrastructure capital assets. Items such as sidewalks and other land improvements are considered to be part of the cost of buildings or other improvable property.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has reported deferred outflows related to pensions for its proportionate shares of collective deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and the District's contributions to pension plans subsequent to the measurement date of the collective net pension liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has reported unavailable revenue from delinquent property taxes, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, in the governmental funds balance sheet. The District has also reported property taxes levied for subsequent years expenditures as a deferred inflow of resources in both the governmental funds balance sheet and the statement of net position. The District has also reported deferred inflows of resources for its proportionate share of the collective deferred inflows of resources related to pensions.

Long-term Obligations

In the District-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Compensated Absences

Vacation granted and sick pay earned is based on length of service and various bargaining unit contracts. In the fund financial statements, vacation pay is recorded when paid. In the District-wide financial statements, a liability is recorded for vacation pay when it is earned. Unused sick leave enters into the calculation of early retirement incentive payments for some employees upon termination.

Severance Benefits

Upon retirement, most District employees are entitled to a severance amount based on accumulated unused sick leave, age, years of service and wage rate at the date of retirement, as established by contracts with bargaining units or other employment contracts. These contracts establish the terms and amounts each retiree is eligible to receive and establish when this severance benefit vests, all of which may differ between each bargaining unit and employee group. The severance amount is paid directly to the Minnesota State Retirement System Post Retirement Health Care Savings Plan (HCSP). These funds will be disbursed in accordance with the HCSP account agreement, which is a separate agreement between the HCSP and the retiree. In the fund financial statements and the district-wide financial statements, a liability is recorded for severance pay when the employee retirees.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Pensions

For the purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about fiduciary net position of the Teachers Retirement Association (TRA) and Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and additions to/deductions from TRA and PERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TRA and PERA. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

TRA has a special funding situation created by direct aid contributions made by the State of Minnesota, City of Minneapolis and Minneapolis School District. The direct aid is a result of the merger of the Minneapolis Teachers Retirement Fund Association merger into TRA in 2006. Additional information can be found in Note 7.

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

The District provides postemployment health insurance benefits to some retired employees as established by contracts with bargaining units or other employment contracts. These contracts state the years, age and retiring dates needed to qualify for these postemployment benefits. The contracts also establish the amount the District will contribute towards the purchase of health insurance.

Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance amounts within one of the following categories: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Nonspendable fund balance is either (a) not in spendable form, or (b) legally or contractually required to remain intact. Restricted fund balance includes amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the School Board. Assigned fund balance includes amounts intended to be used for specific purposes, but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In accordance with the District's fund balance policy, a majority vote of the School Board is required to commit a fund balance to a specific purpose and subsequently remove or change any commitment and the District's superintendent is authorized to assign fund balance to a specific purpose. At June 30, 2015, the District had no committed fund balances. The portion of the fund balance not nonspendable, restricted, committed, or assigned, is reported as unassigned. If resources from one fund balance classification could be spent, the District will strive to spend resources in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for the purpose for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available.

The District strives to maintain a minimum unassigned General Fund balance of eight percent of the General Fund operating budget. At June 30, 2015, the District had maintained the required minimum General Fund balance goal.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, in the government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balance of any long-term debt used to build or acquire the capital assets. Net position is reported as restricted in the District-wide financial statement when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws or regulations of other governments.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures/expense during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Implementation of New Standards

During fiscal year 2015, the District adopted GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. The statements establish standards of accounting and financial reporting for defined benefit pensions provided to employees of local governmental employers. Implementation resulted in recognition of pension expense as well as the reporting of deferred outflows and inflows of resources and a net position liability based on the District's proportional share of those of the plan. The adoption resulted in the restatement of Net Position at June 30, 2014 as follows:

Net Position, as previously reported, at June 30, 2014	\$ 1,975,230
TRA Net pension liability at June 30, 2014 TRA deferred outflows of resources at June 30, 2014	(2,661,794) 150,179
PERA Net pension liability at June 30, 2014 PERA deferred outflows of resources at June 30, 2014	 (1,018,042) 70,987
Net Position (deficit), as restated, at June 30, 2014	\$ (1,483,440)

Subsequent Events

In preparing these financial statements, the District has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through November 9, 2015, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

In accordance with Minnesota Statutes, the School District maintains deposits at those depository banks authorized by the School Board.

Minnesota Statutes require that all deposits be protected by federal deposit insurance, corporate surety bond, or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged must equal 110 percent of the deposits not covered by federal deposit insurance or corporate surety bonds. Authorized collateral includes treasury bills, notes and bonds; issues of U.S. Government agencies; general obligations rated "A" or better; revenue obligations rated "AA" or better; irrevocable standard letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank; and certificates of deposit. Minnesota Statutes require that securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping in a restricted account at the Federal Reserve Bank or in an account at a trust department of a commercial bank or other financial institution that is not owned or controlled by the financial institution furnishing the collateral.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District requires collateral for deposits over FDIC insurance amounts. At June 30, 2015, the District's deposits were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Investments

The District may also invest idle funds as authorized by Minnesota statutes, as follows: direct obligations or obligations guaranteed by the United States or its agencies; shares of investment companies registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 and receives the highest credit rating, is rated in one of the two highest rating categories by a statistical rating agency, and all of the investments have a final maturity of thirteen months or less; general obligations rated "A" or better; revenue obligations rated "AA" or better, general obligations of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency rated "A" or better; bankers' acceptances of United States' bank eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve System; commercial paper issued by United States' corporations or their Canadian subsidiaries, of the highest quality category by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies, and maturing in 270 days or less; Guaranteed Investment Contracts guaranteed by a United States commercial bank, domestic branch of a foreign bank, or a United States insurance company, and with a credit quality in one of the top two highest categories; repurchase or reverse purchase agreements and securities lending agreements with financial institutions qualified as a "depository" by the government entity, with banks that are members of the Federal Reserve System with capitalization exceeding \$10,000,000, a primary reporting dealer in U.S. government securities to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, or certain Minnesota securities broker-dealers.

The Minnesota School District Liquid Asset Fund (MSDLAF) and MN Trust Investment Shares Portfolio are regulated by the Minnesota Statutes and are external investment pools not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) that follows the same regulatory rules of the SEC under rule 2a7. The District's investment in MSDLAF and MN Trust Investment Shares Portfolio are measured at net asset value per share provided by the pool, which is based on an amortized cost method that approximates fair value.

Custodial credit risk - The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At June 30, 2015, none of the District's investments were subject to custodial credit risk.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Concentration of credit risk - The concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss that may be caused by the District's investment in a single issuer. The District has no policy that would limit its investment in a single issuer.

Interest rate risk - Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in the market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The District does not have a formal policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

At June 30, 2015, the District had the following investments:

			Maturities	
		Less Than	1 - 3	Over 3
Investment	Fair Value	One Year	Years	Years
Negotiable certificates of deposit	\$ 1,293,295	\$ 789,059	\$ 504,236	\$
External investment pools	1,324,043	1,324,043		
Total		0.0440.400	A -0.1.000	
Total	\$ 2,617,338	\$ 2,113,102	\$ 504,236	\$

Credit risk - Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. It is the District's policy to invest only in securities that meet the ratings requirements set by state statute.

S & P or Moody's AAAm Not rated Total	Fair Value \$ 1,324,043 1,293,295 \$ 2,617,338
The District's total cash and investments are as follows: Petty cash Deposits Investments	\$ 1,271 522,464 2,617,338
Total	\$ 3,141,073
Presented in the basic financial statements as follows: Statement of Net Position Cash and temporary cash investments Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Postemployment Benefit Irrevocable Trust Fund	\$ 2,047,294
Investments Agency Funds	1,050,986
Cash and temporary cash investments	42,793
Total cash and investments	\$ 3,141,073

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 3 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2015 is as follows:

Capital assets not being depreciated Land \$ 1,975 \$ \$ 1,975 Capital assets being depreciated Land improvements 278,709 21,809 300,518 Buildings 4,314,832 22,780 4,337,612 Equipment 1,270,863 17,664 (9,164) 1,279,363 Total capital assets being depreciated being depreciated being depreciated being depreciation 5,864,404 62,253 (9,164) 5,917,493 Less accumulated depreciation Land improvements 265,974 3,875 269,849 Buildings 2,774,860 101,950 2,876,810 Equipment 965,843 63,018 (9,164) 1,019,697 Total accumulated depreciation 4,006,677 168,843 (9,164) 4,166,356 Total capital assets being depreciated, net 1,857,727 (106,590) 1,751,137 Capital assets, net \$ 1,859,702 \$ (106,590) \$ 1,753,112 Depreciation is charged to governmental functions as follows: District and school administration \$ 967 Regular instruction 3,355 Instructional support services 50,400		Balance July 1, 2014	Additions	Deletions	Balance _June 30, 2015
Capital assets being depreciated Land improvements 278,709 21,809 300,518 Buildings 4,314,832 22,780 4,337,612 Equipment 1,270,863 17,664 (9,164) 1,279,363 Total capital assets being depreciated 5,864,404 62,253 (9,164) 5,917,493 Less accumulated depreciation Land improvements 265,974 3,875 269,849 Buildings 2,774,860 101,950 2,876,810 Equipment 965,843 63,018 (9,164) 1,019,697 Total caccumulated depreciation 4,006,677 168,843 (9,164) 4,166,356 Total capital assets being depreciated, net 1,857,727 (106,590) 1,751,137 Capital assets, net \$ 1,859,702 \$ (106,590) \$ 1,753,112 Depreciation is charged to governmental functions as follows: District and school administration \$ 967 Regular instruction 3,355 1,689 Pupil support services 50,400 Sites, building and equipment 25,710 Unallocated 86,722 <td>depreciated</td> <td>\$ 1,975</td> <td>\$</td> <td>\$</td> <td>\$ 1.975</td>	depreciated	\$ 1,975	\$	\$	\$ 1.975
Land improvements 278,709 21,809 300,518 Buildings 4,314,832 22,780 4,337,612 Equipment 1,270,863 17,664 (9,164) 1,279,363 Total capital assets being depreciated 5,864,404 62,253 (9,164) 5,917,493 Less accumulated depreciation Land improvements 265,974 3,875 269,849 Buildings 2,774,860 101,950 2,876,810 Equipment 965,843 63,018 (9,164) 1,019,697 Total accumulated depreciation 4,006,677 168,843 (9,164) 4,166,356 Total capital assets being depreciated, net 1,857,727 (106,590) 1,751,137 Capital assets, net \$ 1,859,702 \$ (106,590) \$ 1,753,112 Depreciation is charged to governmental functions as follows: District and school administration \$ 967 Regular instruction 3,355 1,689 Pupil support services 50,400 Sites, building and equipment 25,710 Unallocated 1,869 1,869	Conital access being descripted	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			4 1,070
Buildings		270 700	24.000		000 = 40
Equipment 1,270,863 17,664 (9,164) 1,279,363 Total capital assets being depreciated 5,864,404 62,253 (9,164) 5,917,493 Less accumulated depreciation Land improvements 265,974 3,875 269,849 Buildings 2,774,860 101,950 2,876,810 Equipment 965,843 63,018 (9,164) 1,019,697 Total accumulated depreciation 4,006,677 168,843 (9,164) 4,166,356 Total capital assets being depreciated, net 1,857,727 (106,590) 1,751,137 Capital assets, net \$1,859,702 \$ (106,590) \$ 1,753,112 Depreciation is charged to governmental functions as follows: District and school administration 8 967 Regular instruction 3,355 Instructional support services 1,689 Pupil support services 50,400 Sites, building and equipment 25,710 Unallocated 62,253 (9,164) 1,279,363 1,7664 (9,164) 5,917,493 1,689 1,753,112			· ·		
Total capital assets being depreciated 5,864,404 62,253 (9,164) 5,917,493 Less accumulated depreciation Land improvements 265,974 3,875 269,849 Buildings 2,774,860 101,950 2,876,810 Equipment 965,843 63,018 (9,164) 1,019,697 Total accumulated depreciation 4,006,677 168,843 (9,164) 4,166,356 Total capital assets being depreciated, net 1,857,727 (106,590) 1,751,137 Capital assets, net \$ 1,859,702 \$ (106,590) \$ 1,753,112 Depreciation is charged to governmental functions as follows: District and school administration \$ 967 Regular instruction 3,355 Instructional support services 1,689 Pupil support services 50,400 Sites, building and equipment 25,710 Unallocated 86,722			•	(0.404)	
being depreciated 5,864,404 62,253 (9,164) 5,917,493 Less accumulated depreciation 265,974 3,875 269,849 Buildings 2,774,860 101,950 2,876,810 Equipment 965,843 63,018 (9,164) 1,019,697 Total accumulated depreciation 4,006,677 168,843 (9,164) 4,166,356 Total capital assets being depreciated, net 1,857,727 (106,590) 1,751,137 Capital assets, net \$ 1,859,702 \$ (106,590) \$ 1,753,112 Depreciation is charged to governmental functions as follows: District and school administration Regular instruction \$ 967 3,355 Instructional support services 1,689 1,689 Pupil support services Sites, building and equipment Unallocated 25,710 25,710 Unallocated 86,722 1,689		1,270,003	17,004	(9,164)	1,279,363
Land improvements 265,974 3,875 269,849 Buildings 2,774,860 101,950 2,876,810 Equipment 965,843 63,018 (9,164) 1,019,697 Total accumulated depreciation 4,006,677 168,843 (9,164) 4,166,356 Total capital assets being depreciated, net 1,857,727 (106,590) 1,751,137 Capital assets, net \$ 1,859,702 \$ (106,590) \$ 1,753,112 Depreciation is charged to governmental functions as follows: District and school administration Regular instruction \$ 967 3,355 Instructional support services 1,689 1,689 Pupil support services 50,400 50,400 Sites, building and equipment Unallocated 25,710 25,710		5,864,404	62,253	(9,164)	5,917,493
Land improvements 265,974 3,875 269,849 Buildings 2,774,860 101,950 2,876,810 Equipment 965,843 63,018 (9,164) 1,019,697 Total accumulated depreciation 4,006,677 168,843 (9,164) 4,166,356 Total capital assets being depreciated, net 1,857,727 (106,590) 1,751,137 Capital assets, net \$ 1,859,702 \$ (106,590) \$ 1,753,112 Depreciation is charged to governmental functions as follows: District and school administration Regular instruction \$ 967 3,355 Instructional support services 1,689 1,689 Pupil support services 50,400 50,400 Sites, building and equipment Unallocated 25,710 25,710	Less accumulated depreciation				·
Buildings 2,774,860 101,950 2,876,810 Equipment 965,843 63,018 (9,164) 1,019,697 Total accumulated depreciation 4,006,677 168,843 (9,164) 4,166,356 Total capital assets being depreciated, net 1,857,727 (106,590) 1,751,137 Capital assets, net \$ 1,859,702 \$ (106,590) \$ 1,753,112 Depreciation is charged to governmental functions as follows: District and school administration \$ 967 Regular instruction 3,355 Instructional support services 1,689 Pupil support services 50,400 50,400 Sites, building and equipment 25,710 Unallocated 86,722		265 974	3.875		260 840
Equipment 965,843 63,018 (9,164) 1,019,697 Total accumulated depreciation 4,006,677 168,843 (9,164) 4,166,356 Total capital assets being depreciated, net 1,857,727 (106,590) 1,751,137 Capital assets, net \$ 1,859,702 \$ (106,590) \$ 1,753,112 Depreciation is charged to governmental functions as follows: District and school administration \$ 967 Regular instruction 3,355 Instructional support services 1,689 Pupil support services 50,400 Sites, building and equipment Unallocated 86,722					
Total accumulated depreciation 4,006,677 168,843 (9,164) 4,166,356 Total capital assets being depreciated, net 1,857,727 (106,590) 1,751,137 Capital assets, net \$ 1,859,702 \$ (106,590) \$ 1,753,112 Depreciation is charged to governmental functions as follows: District and school administration \$ 967 Regular instruction 3,355 Instructional support services Pupil support services 50,400 Sites, building and equipment Unallocated 55,710 Unallocated 56,722	•		· ·	(9.164)	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net 1,857,727 (106,590) 1,751,137 Capital assets, net \$ 1,859,702 \$ (106,590) \$ 1,753,112 Depreciation is charged to governmental functions as follows: District and school administration \$ 967 Regular instruction 3,355 Instructional support services Pupil support services 1,689 Pupil support services 50,400 Sites, building and equipment Unallocated 25,710 Unallocated	Total accumulated			(0,101)	1,010,007
depreciated, net 1,857,727 (106,590) 1,751,137 Capital assets, net \$ 1,859,702 \$ (106,590) \$ 1,753,112 Depreciation is charged to governmental functions as follows: District and school administration \$ 967 Regular instruction 3,355 Instructional support services Pupil support services 50,400 Sites, building and equipment Unallocated 50,722	depreciation	4,006,677	168,843_	(9,164)	4,166,356
depreciated, net 1,857,727 (106,590) 1,751,137 Capital assets, net \$ 1,859,702 \$ (106,590) \$ 1,753,112 Depreciation is charged to governmental functions as follows: District and school administration \$ 967 Regular instruction 3,355 Instructional support services Pupil support services 50,400 Sites, building and equipment Unallocated 50,722	Total capital assets being				
Capital assets, net \$ 1,859,702 \$ (106,590) \$ \$ 1,753,112 Depreciation is charged to governmental functions as follows: District and school administration Regular instruction Instructional support services Pupil support services Pupil support services Sites, building and equipment Unallocated \$ 1,859,702 \$ (106,590) \$ \$ 1,753,112		1.857.727	(106.590)		1 751 137
Depreciation is charged to governmental functions as follows: District and school administration Regular instruction Instructional support services Pupil support services Pupil support services Sites, building and equipment Unallocated \$ 967 1,689 50,400 25,710 86,722			(100,000)		1,701,107
District and school administration Regular instruction Instructional support services Pupil support services Sites, building and equipment Unallocated \$ 967 3,355 1,689 50,400 525,710 86,722	Capital assets, net	\$ 1,859,702	\$ (106,590)	\$	\$ 1,753,112
District and school administration Regular instruction Instructional support services Pupil support services Sites, building and equipment Unallocated \$ 967 3,355 1,689 50,400 525,710 86,722					
Regular instruction 3,355 Instructional support services 1,689 Pupil support services 50,400 Sites, building and equipment 25,710 Unallocated 86,722	Depreciation is charged to govern	nmental functions	as follows:		
Regular instruction 3,355 Instructional support services 1,689 Pupil support services 50,400 Sites, building and equipment 25,710 Unallocated 86,722	District and school administrati	ion		¢ 067	
Instructional support services 1,689 Pupil support services 50,400 Sites, building and equipment 25,710 Unallocated 86,722		IOI1		•	
Pupil support services 50,400 Sites, building and equipment 25,710 Unallocated 86,722				,	
Sites, building and equipment 25,710 Unallocated 86,722					
Unallocated 86,722	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			,	
- 00,722					
Total \$ 168.843	Orialiocated			86,/22	
*************************************	Total			\$ 168,843	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 4 SHORT-TERM DEBT

On September 9, 2014, the District issued \$555,434 of General Obligation Aid Anticipation Certificates of Participation, Series 2014A at an interest rate of 2.00 percent. The debt was issued to finance current operations of the General Fund. Principal and interest of \$11,109 are due on September 15, 2015.

The following is a summary of changes in short-term debt:

-	Balance					ı	Balance
_Ju	ly 1, 2014	1, 2014 Addit		Reductions		Jun	e 30, 2015
\$	640,392	\$	555,434	\$	640,392	\$	555,434

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is a summary of change in long-term obligations:

	Balance July 1, 2014 Restated	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2015	Due Within One Year
General Obligation Bonds \$1,485,000 General Obligation Taxable OPEB Bonds, Series 2008A due in annual installments of \$150,000 to \$215,000 plus interest from 3.85% to 5.80% starting August 2009 through February 2018.	\$ 1,150,000	\$	\$ 170,000	\$ 980,000	\$ 180,000
\$545,000 General Obligation Capital Facilities Bonds, Series 2010 due in annual installments of \$50,000 to \$60,000 plus interest from 1.20% to 3.30% starting February 2011 through February 2021.	395,000		55,000	340,000	55,000
Less amounts for unamortized discounts Total general obligation bonds	(2,712) 1,542,288		(412) 224,588	(2,300)	(412) 234,588
Capital lease	126,857		62,770	64,087	64,087
Net pension liability	3,679,836	124,951	760,629	3,044,158	
Severance	39,019	58,600	2,250	95,369	45,340
Total	\$ 5,388,000	\$ 183,551	\$1,050,237	\$ 4,521,314	\$ 344,015

The District entered into a capital lease purchase agreement for the purchase of busses. The lease qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes, and therefore, has been recorded at the present value of future minimum lease payments. The value of the assets are included in capital assets at a cost of \$192,290, less accumulated depreciation of \$36,054, for a book value of \$156,236 at June 30, 2015.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

The General Obligation Taxable OPEB Bonds are paid from the Postemployment Benefits Debt Service Fund. The General Obligation Capital Facilities Bonds are paid from the Debt Service Fund. Net pension liability is paid from the governmental funds. Severance is paid from either governmental funds or the Postemployment Benefit Trust Fund.

Annual amounts required service outstanding long-term debt:

		Ger	neral (Obligation Bo	onds				Capi	ital Lease		
	2	Principal		Interest	Y=-	Total	F	rincipal	Ir	nterest		Total
2016	\$	235,000	\$	55,138	\$	290,138	\$	64,087	\$	1,355	\$	65,442
2017		240,000		46,480		286,480						
2018		250,000		37,067		287,067						
2019		265,000		26,420		291,420						
2020		275,000		14,545		289,545						
2021		55,000		1,815		56,815					2	8
Total	\$	1,320,000	\$	181,465	\$	1,501,465	\$	64,087	\$	1,355	\$	65,442

NOTE 6 NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES

Fund balances were nonspendable for the following purposes at June 30, 2015:

Nonspendable	
General Fund	
Inventory	\$ 6,990
Prepaid expenses	14,093
Total	 21,083
Food Service Fund	
Inventory	 2,753
Total nonspendable	\$ 23,836

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 6 NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES (Continued)

Net position and fund balances were restricted for the following purposes at June 30, 2015:

Restricted	. Ne	Net Position		nd Balance
General Fund				
Deferred maintenance	\$	12,070	\$	12,070
Operating capital		123,735		123,735
Gifted and talented		5,831		5,831
Total General Fund				141,636
Other nonmajor governmental funds				
E.C.F.E.		11,369		11,369
Community service		3,108		1,059
Debt service		47,145		57,680
Total restricted	\$	203,258	\$	211,744

Fund balances were assigned for the following purposes at June 30, 2015:

Assigned General Fund	
Indian education program	\$ 66,314
Art, music and theater programs	83,858
The HOOPS Club	22,381
Elementary principal	533
High school principal	5,772
Jay Athletics	3,188
Bulldogs	 1,926
Total assigned	\$ 183,972

The following fund had fund balance deficit at June 30, 2015:

General Fund
Restricted
Health and safety \$ (69,407)

The deficit in the health and safety is allowable by the Minnesota Department of Education and will be eliminated through future tax levies.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 7 INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Total		
General Fund	Food Service Fund Community Service Fund	\$	16,992 99,043	
	Total	\$_	116,035	

These transfers were made to cover the deficit operation and fund balance in the food service fund and to cover the deficit in school readiness program in the community service fund.

NOTE 8 EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the following fund had expenditures that exceeded appropriations:

		Final				
	Budget		Expenditures		Excess	
Food Service	\$	231,284	\$	231,817	\$	533

NOTE 9 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The District participates in the following cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by Teachers Retirement Association (TRA) and Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA). TRA and PERA's defined benefit pension plans are established and administered in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, TRA and PERA's defined benefit pension plans are tax qualified plans under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 9 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

A. Teachers Retirement Fund (TRA)

1. Plan Description

TRA administers a Basic Plan (without Social Security coverage) and a Coordinated Plan (with Social Security coverage) in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, Chapters 354 and 356. TRA is a separate statutory entity and administered by a Board of Trustees. The Board consists of four active members, one retired member and three statutory officials.

Teachers employed in Minnesota's public elementary and secondary schools, charter schools, and certain educational institutions maintained by the state (except those teachers employed by the cities of Duluth and St. Paul, and by the University of Minnesota system) are required to be TRA members. State university, community college, and technical college teachers first employed by the Minnesota State College and Universities (MnSCU) may elect TRA coverage within one year of eligible employment. Alternatively, these teachers may elect coverage through the Defined Contribution Retirement Plan (DCR) administered by MnSCU.

2. Benefits Provided

TRA provides retirement benefits as well as disability benefits to members, and benefits to survivors upon death of eligible members. Benefits are established by Minnesota Statute and vest after three years of service credit. The defined retirement benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five consecutive years of allowable service, age, and a formula multiplier based on years of credit at termination of service.

Two methods are used to compute benefits for TRA's Coordinated and Basic Plan members. Members first employed before July 1, 1989, receive the greater of the Tier I or Tier II benefits as described:

Tier I Benefits

Tier I	Step rate formula	<u>Percentage</u>
Basic	1st ten years	2.2 percent per year
	All years after	2.7 percent per year
Coordinated	1 st ten years if service years are prior to July 1, 2006	1.2 percent per year
	1 st ten years if service years are July 1, 2006 or after	1.4 percent per year
	All other years of service if service years are prior to July 1, 2006	1.7 percent per year
	All other years of service if service years are July 1, 2006 or after	1.9 percent per year

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 9 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

With these provisions:

- (a) Normal retirement age is 65 with less than 30 years of allowable service and age 62 with 30 or more years of allowable service.
- (b) 3% per year early retirement reduction factors for all years under normal retirement age.
- (c) Unreduced benefits for early retirement under a Rule-of-90 (age plus allowable service equals 90 or more).

Tier II Benefits

For years of service prior to July 1, 2006, a level formula of 1.7 percent per year for coordinated members and 2.7 percent per year for basic members. For years of service July 1, 2006 and after, a level formula of 1.9 percent per year for Coordinated members and 2.7 percent for Basic members applies. Beginning July 1, 2015, the early retirement reduction factors are based on rates established under Minnesota Statute. Smaller reductions, more favorable to the member, will be applied to individuals who reach age 62 and have 30 years or more of service credit.

Members first employed after June 30, 1989 receive only the Tier II calculation with a normal retirement age that is their retirement age for full social security retirement benefits, but not to exceed age 66.

Six different types of annuities are available to members upon retirement. The No Refund Life Plan is a lifetime annuity that ceases upon the death of the retiree - no survivor annuity is payable. A retiring member may also choose to provide survivor benefits to a designated beneficiary(ies) by selecting one of the five plans which have survivorship features. Vested members may also leave their contributions in the TRA Fund upon termination of service in order to qualify for a deferred annuity at retirement age. Any members terminating service are eligible for a refund of their employee contributions plus interest.

The benefit provisions stated apply to active plan participants. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits but not yet receiving them are bound by the plan provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

3. Contribution Rate

Per Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 354 sets the contribution rates for the employees and employers. Rates for each fiscal year were:

	Ending June 30, 2014		Ending June 30, 2019		
	Employee Employer		Employee	Employer	
)		
Basic	10.50%	11.00%	11.00%	11.50%	
Coordinated	7.00%	7.00%	7.50%	7.50%	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 9 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

The following is a reconciliation of employer contributions in TRA's CAFR "Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position: to the employer contributions used in Schedule of Employer and Non-Employer Pension Allocations.

Employer contributions reported in TRA's CAFR
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

Deduct employer contributions not related to future contribution efforts

Deduct TRA's contributions not included in allocation

Employer contributions reported in Schedule of Employer and Non-Employer pension allocations

\$ 299,299,837

(398,798)

(370,701)

\$ 298,530,338

Amounts reported in the allocation schedule may not precisely agree with financial statement amounts or actuarial valuations due to the number of decimal places used in the allocations. TRA has rounded percentage amounts to the nearest ten thousandths.

4. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2014, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

Key Methods and Assumptions Used in Valuation of Total Pension Liability

Actuarial Information:

Measurement Date
Valuation Date
Une 30, 2014
July 1, 2014
Experience Study
Actuarial Cost Method
Une 30, 2014
October 30, 2009
Entry Age Normal

Actuarial Assumptions:

Investment Rate of Return 8.25% Wage Inflation 3.0%

Projected Salary Increase 3.5 - 12%, based on years of service Cost of living adjustment 2.0% until year 2034, 2.5% thereafter

Mortality Assumption:

Pre-retirement RP2000 non-annuitant generational mortality.

white collar adjustment, male rates set back 5 years and female rates set back 7 years

Post-retirement RP2000 annuitant generational mortality, white collar

adjustment, male rates set back 2 years and female

rate set back 3 years

Post-disability RP2000 disables retiree mortality, without adjustment

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2004 to June 30, 2008 and a limited scope experience study dated August 29, 2014. The limited scope experience study addressed only inflation and long-term rate of return for the GASB 67 valuation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 9 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expect inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Stocks	45%	5.50%
International Stocks	15%	6.00%
Bonds	18%	1.45%
Alternative Assets	20%	6.40%
Cash	2%	0.50%
Total	100%	

5. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the fiscal 2015 contribution rate, contributions from school districts will be made at contractually required rates (actuarially determined), and contributions from the state will be made at current statutorily required rates. Based on these assumptions, each of the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

6. Net Pension Liability

At June 30, 2015, the District reported a liability of \$2,165,726 for its proportionate share of TRA's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions to TRA in relation to total system contributions including direct aid from the State of Minnesota, City of Minneapolis and Minneapolis School District. The District's proportionate share was 0.0470% at the end of the measurement period and 0.0464% for the beginning of the period.

The pension liability amount reflected a reduction due to direct aid provided to TRA. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the direct aid, and total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 9 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

District's proportional share of net pension liability	\$ 2,165,726
State's proportional share of net pension liability	
associated with the District	\$ 152.337

A change in benefit provisions that affected the measurement of the total pension liability since the prior measurement date was an increase of the contribution rates for both the member and employer.

There was a change in actuarial assumptions that affected the measurement of the total liability for TRA since the prior measurement date. Post-retirement benefit adjustments are now assumed to increase from 2.0% annually to 2.5% annually once the legally specified criteria are met. This is measured to occur July 1, 2034.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the District recognized pension expense of \$121,725. It also recognized \$6,645 as an increase to pension expense for the support provided by direct aid.

At June 30, 2015, the District had deferred resources related to pensions form the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
ifferences between expected and actual economic operience et difference between projected and actual earnings on an investments	\$	184,795	\$	680,882
Changes in proportion Contributions made to TRA subsequent to the		28,475		555,552
measurement date		163,005		
Total	\$	376,275	\$	680,882

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30	ion Expense Amount
2016 2017	\$ 37,310 (125,697)
2018	(125,697)
2019	(125,697)
2020	35,174

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 9 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

7. Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8.25%, as well as what the liability measured using a discount rate 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

Discount Rate	 1% Decrease in Discount Rate 7.25% Discount Rate 8.25%		1% Increase in Discount Rate 9.25%		
District's proportionate share of the TRA net pension liability	\$ 3,579,204	\$	2,165,726	\$	987,375

The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer contributions to TRA in relation to TRA's total employer contributions including direct aid contributions from the State of Minnesota, City of Minneapolis and Minneapolis School District.

8. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about TRA's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued TRA financial report. That report can be obtained at www.MinnesotaTRA.org; by writing to TRA at 60 Empire Drive #400, St. Paul, Minnesota, 55103-4000; or by calling (651)296-2409 or 1-800-657-3669.

B. Public Employee Retirement Association (PERA)

1. Plan Description

All full-time and certain part-time employees of the District other than teachers are covered by the General Employees Retirement Fund (GERF). GERF members belong to either the Coordinated Plan or the Basic Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security and Basic Plan members are not. The Basic Plan was closed to new members in 1967. All new members must participate in the Coordinated Plan.

2. Benefits Provided

PERA provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are established by state statute and can only be modified by the state legislature.

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. Increases are related to the funding ratio of the plan. Members in plans that are at least 90% funded for two consecutive years are given 2.5% increases. Members in plans that have not exceeded 90% funded, or have fallen below 80%, are given 1% increases.

The benefit provisions described in the following paragraph are current provisions and apply to active plan participants. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits but are not receiving them yet are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 9 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. Two methods are used to compute benefits for PERA's Coordinated and Basic Plan members. The retiring member receives the higher of a step-rate benefit accrual formula (Method 1) or a level accrual formula (Method 2). Under Method 1, the annuity accrual rate for a Basic Plan member is 2.2% of average salary for each of the first 10 years of service and 2.7% for each remaining year. The annuity accrual for a Coordinated Plan member is 1.2% of average salary for each of the first 10 years and 1.7% for each remaining year. Under Method 2, the annuity accrual rate is 2.7% of average salary for Basic Plan members and 1.7% for Coordinated Plan members for each year of service. For members hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90 and normal retirement age is 65. For members hired on or after July 1, 1989, normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped by 66. Disability benefits are available for vested members, and are based upon years of service and average high-five salary.

3. Contributions

Minnesota Statutes Chapter 353 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. These statutes are established and amended by the state legislature.

GERF Basic Plan members and Coordinated Plan members were required to contribute 9.1% and 6.25%, respectively, of their annual covered salary in calendar year 2014. Coordinated Plan members contributed 6.5% of pay in 2015. In calendar year 2014, the District was required to contribute 11.78% of pay for Basic Plan members and 7.25% for Coordinated Plan members. In 2015, employer rates increased to 7.5% in the Coordinated Plan. The District's contributions to the GERF for the year ended June 30, 2015 were \$68,013. The District's contribution was equal to the contractually required contribution for the year as set by state statute.

4. Pension Costs

At June 30, 2015, the District reported a liability of \$878,432 for its proportionate share of GERF's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2013, through June 30, 2014, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. At June 30, 2014, the District's proportion was 0.0187%.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the District recognized pension expense of \$65,211 for its proportionate share of GERF's pension expense.

At June 30, 2015, the District reported is proportionate share of the GERF's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 9 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual economic				
experience	\$	13,481	\$	
Changes in actuarial assumptions		90,531		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
plan investments				237,352
Contributions made to PERA subsequent to the				
measurement date		68,013		
Total	\$	172,025	\$	237,352

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to GERF will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pensi	on Expense
Year ended June 30	/	Amount
2016	\$	43,346
2017		(24,667)
2018		(24,668)
2019		(59,338)
2020		0

5. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2014, actuarial valuation was determined using the entry age normal actuarial cost method and the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.75% per year
Active Member Payroll Growth	3.50% per year
Investment Rate of Return	7.90%

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, survivors and disabilitants were based on RP-2000 tables for males or females, as appropriate, with slight adjustments.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014, valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The experience study in the GERF was for the period July 1, 2004, through June 30, 2008, with an update of economic assumptions in 2014.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 9 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

The following changes in actuarial assumptions occurred in 2014:

As of July 1, 2013, the postretirement benefit increase rate was assumed to increase from 1.0% to 2.5% on January 1, 2046. As of July 1, 2014, the postretirement benefit increase rate was assumed to increase from 1.0% to 2.5% on January 1, 2031.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.9%. The State Board of Investment, which manages the investments of PERA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness of the long-term expected rate of return on a regular basis using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return			
Domestic Stocks	45%	5.50%			
International Stocks	15%	6.00%			
Bonds	18%	1.45%			
Alternative Assets	20%	6.40%			
Cash	2%	0.50%			
Total	100%				

6. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.9%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on these assumptions, each of the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

7. Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for all plans it participates in, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 9 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Discount Rate	1% Decrease in Discount Rate 6.90%		Discount Rate 7.90%		1% Increase in Discount Rate 8.90%	
District's proportionate share of the PERA net pension liability	\$	1,416,068	\$	878,432	\$	436,084

8. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about GERF's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued PERA financial report. That report can be obtained at www.mnpera.org; by writing to PERA at 60 Empire Drive #200, St. Paul, Minnesota, 55103-2088; or by calling (651)296-7460 or 1-800-652-9026.

NOTE 10 POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN

Plan Description - Independent School District No. 93 administers a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan which provides medical and dental benefits to eligible retired employees and their dependents in accordance with the terms of the plan. The District has established an irrevocable trust fund to account for accumulated plan assets available to pay for current and future postemployment health care costs. The Trust does not issue a stand alone financial report, but is included in this report of the District.

Funding - Employer contribution requirements are established and may be amended as set forth in the applicable employment and bargaining unit agreements. As of July 1, 2014, the date of the latest actuarial valuation, approximately 10 retirees and their dependents were receiving postemployment health and dental benefits and an estimated 68 active employees are eligible to receive future benefits under the plan.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation - Independent School District No. 93's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 10 POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN (Continued)

The following table shows the components of Independent School District No. 93's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in Independent School District No. 93's net OPEB obligation (asset) as of June 30, 2015:

Annual required contribution (ARC) Interest on net OPEB asset Adjustment to the ARC Annual OPEB cost	\$	39,227 (14,458) 44,451 69,220
Contributions made	_	
Increase in OPEB obligation (asset)		69,220
Net OPEB obligation (asset), June 30, 2014		(1,095,278)
Net OPEB obligation (asset), June 30, 2015	\$\$	(1,026,058)

The net OPEB asset has been shown in the Statement of Net Position.

Independent School District No. 93's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB (asset) were as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual PEB Cost	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	(Net OPEB (Asset)
June 30, 2013 June 30, 2014 June 30, 2015	\$ 53,723 96,716 69,220	0% 0% 0%	\$	(1,277,670) (1,095,278) (1,026,058)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 10 POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN (Continued)

Funded Status and Funding Progress - As of July, 1, 2014, the actuarial accrued liability (AAL) was \$956,325, and unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) for benefits was (\$230,703). The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$3,249,738.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions - Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2014, actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. Plan assets are valued at fair value. The actuarial assumptions included a discount rate and investment return of 1.32 percent, inflation rate of 3 percent, health care trend rates ranging from 7.5 percent initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 5 percent after eight years. The UAAL is being amortized as a level dollar amount over thirty years.

NOTE 11 CONTINGENCIES

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amounts, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTE 12 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District's property and liability premiums and reemployment claims are paid by the General Fund. The General, Food Service and Community Service Funds pay workers' compensation premiums based on salaries. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in prior years and insurance settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 12 RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

The District purchases commercial insurance for property and liability, transferring the risk of loss to the insurance carrier.

The District participates in a risk pool for workers' compensation insurance. The pool in turn contracts with an insurance carrier, thereby transferring the risk from the pool members to the insurance carrier. The workers' compensation policy is retrospectively rated in that the initial premium is adjusted based on the actual experience during coverage period of the group of entities that participate in the pool.

The District handles reemployment costs through a self-insurance plan. The District retains the risks associated with reemployment claims.

NOTE 13 FUTURE ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, is effective for the District for the year ended June 30, 2018. This statement replaces the requirements of GASB No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. This statement establishes standards for recognizing and measuring liabilities, deferred outflows our resources, deferred inflows of resources and expense/expenditures, and identifies the methods and assumptions that are required to be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value, and attribute that present value to periods of employee service. This District has not completed the process of evaluating GASB Statement No. 75, but implementation is expected to impact the District's recognition of OPEB liabilities and expense/expenditures.



INFORMATION ABOUT THE DISTRICT'S OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Schedule of Funding Progress by Valuation Date

Actuarial Valuation Date	Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Projected Jnit Credit (b)	0)-	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	¥	Funded Ratio (a/b)	 Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (b-a/c)
July 1, 2008 July 1, 2011 July 1, 2014	\$ 0 1,511,193 1,187,028	\$ 1,670,685 1,504,856 956,325	\$	1,670,685 (6,337) (230,703)		0.00% 100.42% 124.12%	\$ 2,831,797 3,153,900 3,249,738	59.00% N/A N/A

INFORMATION ABOUT THE DISTRICT'S OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability

TEACHER'S RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION (TRA)

Source	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0470%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 2,165,726
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated	
with the district	 152,337
Total	\$ 2,318,063
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 2,145,410
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	
as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	100.9%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension	
liability	81.5%

PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION (PERA)

Source	2015	
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.0187%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	878,432
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	979,130
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)		,
as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		89.7%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension		
liability		78.7%

INFORMATION ABOUT THE DISTRICT'S OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Schedule of Employer's Contributions

TEACHER'S RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION (TRA)

Source	2015
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 150,179
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	\$ 150,179
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 0
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 2,145,410
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	7.00%

PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION (PERA)

Source	2015
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 70,987
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	\$ 70,987
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 0
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 979,130
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	7.25%



COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

	Food Service Fund		Community Service Fund		Debt Service Fund		Postemployment Benefits Debt Service Fund		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Assets	•	0.000	•	44.00=					_	
Cash and temporary cash investments Current property taxes receivable	\$	2,663	\$	44,037 22,785	\$	50,152 26,249	\$	177,995 89,478	\$	274,847
Delinquent property taxes receivable				2,703		26,249		9,785		138,512 14,488
Accounts receivable		871		4,417		2,001		0,700		5,288
Due from the Minnesota Department of Education		2,634		2,163		437		1,509		6,743
Due from federal government through MDE		15,177						•		15,177
Inventory		2,753								2,753
Total assets		24,098		75,451		79,492		278,767	\equiv	457,808
Deferred Outflows of Resources										
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	24,098	\$	75,451	\$	79,492	\$	278,767	\$	457,808
Liabilities										
Salaries payable	\$	12,849	\$	2,747	\$		\$		\$	15,596
Accounts payable	•	708	•	244	•		Ψ.		Ψ	952
Accrued payroll taxes		3,867								3,867
Unearned revenue		3,921		1,275						5,196
Total liabilities		21,345		4,266						25,611
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Delinquent property taxes				2,049		2,654		9,785		14,488
Property taxes levied for subsequent										
year's expenditures Total deferred inflows of resources				56,708		65,344		222,796		344,848
Total deletted inflows of resources				58,757		67,998	-	232,581		359,336
Fund balances										
Nonspendable		2,753								2.753
Restricted				12,428		11,494		46,186		70,108
Total fund balances		2,753		12,428		11,494		46,186		72,861
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,										
and fund balances	\$	24,098	\$	75,451	\$	79,492	\$	278,767	\$	457,808

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Food Service Fund		Community Service Fund		Debt Service Fund		Postemployment Benefits Debt Service Fund		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Revenues										
Local property tax levies	\$	\$	49,575	\$	60,532	\$	209,285	\$	319,392	
Other local and county revenues	-	26	94,718						95,544	
Revenue from state sources	14,6		20,725		4,371		15,092		54,810	
Revenue from federal sources	101,9	79							101,979	
Interest income	07.0				5		16		21	
Sales and other conversion of assets Total revenues	97,3		10E 040		04.000		004.000		97,359	
Total levellues	214,7		165,018	·	64,908	-	224,393		669,105	
Expenditures Current										
Community education and services			151,890						151,890	
Pupil support services Debt service	231,7	18							231,718	
Principal					55,000		170,000		225,000	
Interest and other fiscal costs					11,685		51,295		62,980	
Capital outlay		99							99	
Total expenditures	231,8	17	151,890		66,685		221,295		671,687	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(17,0	31)	13,128		(1,777)		3,098		(2,582)	
Other financing sources										
Transfers in	16,99	92	99,043						116,035	
Net change in fund balance	(3	39)	112,171		(1,777)		3,098		113,453	
Fund balance (deficit), beginning	2,79	92	(99,743)		13,271		43,088		(40,592)	
Fund balance, ending	\$ 2,75	\$	12,428	\$	11,494	\$	46,186	\$	72,861	

FISCAL COMPLIANCE TABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Audit	UFARS	Audit - U	FARS		Audit	UFARS	Audii HEADO
01 GENERAL FUND					06 BUILDING CONSTRUCTION	Addit	UPARS	Audit - UFARS
Total revenues	\$ 5,539,581	\$ 5,539,581	\$		Total revenues	\$	S	\$
Total expenditures Non spendable	5,193,537	5,193,536		1	Total expenditures			
460 Non spendable fund balance	21,083	21,083			Non spendable			
Restricted/Reserve	21,000	21,000			460 Non spendable fund balance Restricted/Reserve			
403 Staff development					407 Down payment levy			
405 Deferred maintenance	12,070	12,070			409 Alternative facility program			
406 Health and safety	(69,407)	(69,407)			413 Projects funded by COP			
407 Capital Projects Levy					Restricted			
408 Cooperative revenue					464 Restricted fund balance			
411 Severance pay 413 Project funded by COP					Unassigned			
414 Operating debt					463 Unassigned fund balance			
416 Levy reduction					07 DEBT SERVICE			
417 Taconite building maintenance					Total revenues	64,908	64,908	
423 Certain teacher programs					Total expenditures	66,685	66,685	
424 Operating capital	123,735	123,735			Non spendable	00,000	00,000	
426 \$25 Taconite					460 Non spendable fund balance			
427 Disabled accessibility					Restricted/Reserve			
428 Learning and development 434 Area learning center					425 Bond refundings			
435 Contracted alt. Programs					451 QZAB payments			
436 St. approved alt. Program					Restricted 464 Restricted fund balance	44.404	44.400	ar.
438 Gifted & talented	5,831	5,831			Unassigned	11,494	11,493	1
441 Basic skills program		9,001			463 Unassigned fund balance			
445 Career and technical Programs								
446 First Grade Preparedness					08 TRUST			
449 Safe schools levy					Total revenues			
450 Prekindergarten 451 QZAB payments					Total expenditures			
452 OPEB liability not in trust					422 Nel position			
453 Unfunded sev & retirement levy					20 INTERNAL SERVICE			
Restricted					Total revenues			
464 Restricted fund balance					Total expenditures			
Committed					422 Net position			
418 Committed for separation								
461 Committed fund balance					25 OPEB REVOCABLE TRUST FUND			
Assigned 462 Assigned fund balance	183,972	482.070			Total revenues			
Unassigned	100,972	183,972			Total expenditures 422 Net position			
422 Unassigned fund balance	695,093	695,096		(3)	422 Net position			
		,		(-)	45 OPEB IRREVOCABLE TRUST FUND			
02 FOOD SERVICE					Total revenues	48,137	48,137	
Total revenues	214,786	214,787		(1)	Total expenditures	164,870	164,870	
Total expenditures Non spendable	231,817	231,819		(2)	422 Net position	1,070,295	1,070,293	2
460 Non spendable fund balance	2,753	2,753			47 OPER DERT DERVIOE SUND			
Restricted	2,133	2,755			47 OPEB DEBT SERVICE FUND Total revenues	224 202	004.000	
452 OPEB liability not in trust					Total expenditures	224,393 221,295	224,392 221,295	1
464 Restricted fund balance					Non spendable	221,200	221,293	
Unassigned					460 Non spendable fund balance			
463 Unassigned fund balance					Restricted			
04 COMMUNITY SERVICE					425 Bond refundings			
04 COMMUNITY SERVICE	165.010	405.040			464 Restricted fund balance	46,186	46,185	1
Total revenues Total expenditures	165,018 151,890	165,018 151,890			Unassigned			
Non spendable	101,000	131,090			463 Unassigned fund balance			
460 Non spendable fund balance								
Restricted/Reserve								
426 \$25 taconite								
431 Community education								
432 ECFE	11,369	11,369						
444 School readiness 447 Adult Basic Education								
452 OPEB liability not in trust								
Restricted								
464 Restricted fund balance	1,059	1,059						
Unassigned	8	1						
463 Unassigned fund balance								

REPORTS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS, THE OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET CIRCULAR A-133 AND THE STATE OF MINNESOTA

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURE OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	Pass-through Entity Identifying <u>Number</u>	<u>Expenditures</u>
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
Passed-through Minnesota Department of Education			
National School Breakfast Program	10.553	None provided	\$ 20,154
Non cash assistance - commodities	10.555	None provided	8,470
Commodities Cash Rebate Program	10.555	None provided	1,496
National School Lunch Program	10.555	None provided	71,859
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture - Total Child Nutriti	ion Cluster		101,979
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Direct			
Title VII - Indian Education	84.060		23,212
Title VIII - Impact Aid	84.041		24,378
Rural School Achievement Program	84.358A		33,135
The state of the s	04.000/1		33,133
Passed-through Minnesota Department of Education			
Title I, Part A	84.010	None provided	73,383
Title II, Part A	84.367	None provided	26,348
IDEA, Part B	84.027	None provided	111,539
IDEA, Part B - Preschool Incentive, Ages 3 through 5	84.173A	None provided	2,866
Passed-through the Northern Joint Powers Alliance			
IDEA, Part B - Discretionary Low Incidence	84.027	None provided	1,494
Passed-through the Northeast Service Cooperative			
IDEA, Part B - Discretionary Low Incidence	84.027	None provided	39,341
Total Special Education Cluster			155,240
Infants and Toddlers - Ages Birth through Two	84.181A	None provided	1,663
Passed-through Independent School District 97 - Moose Lake			
Carl Perkins Vocational and Applied Technology	84.048A	None provided	1,885
Total U.S. Department of Education			339,244
LLC DEDARTMENT OF LIFALTH AND LIVING OF DATE			
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			
Passed-through Minnesota Department of Education Medical assistance	00 770		
wedical assistance	93.778	None provided	71,376
Total expenditures of federal awards			\$ 512,599

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 1 BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the Independent School District No. 93 under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2015. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Independent School District No. 93, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Independent School District No. 93.

NOTE 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-87, *Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments*, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters

To the School Board Independent School District No. 93 Carlton, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Independent School District No. 93, Carlton, Minnesota (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 9, 2015.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a significant deficiency, which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 2015-001.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

District's Response to Finding

The District's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Wipfli LLP

November 9, 2015 Duluth, Minnesota

Wippei LLP



Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance

To the School Board Independent School District No. 93 Carlton, Minnesota

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Independent School District No. 93's (District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and responses.

Management's Responsibility for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion

In our opinion, the District, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Other Matters

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

The management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies, and therefore material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Wipfli LLP

November 9, 2015 Duluth, Minnesota

Wiffle LLP



Independent Auditor's Report on Legal Compliance for the State of Minnesota

To the School Board Independent School District No. 93 Carlton, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the Unites States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Independent School District No. 93, (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 9, 2015.

The *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Political Subdivisions*, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minnesota Statute §6.65 contains seven categories of compliance to be tested: contracting and bidding, deposits and investments, conflicts of interest, public indebtedness, claims and disbursements, miscellaneous provisions, and uniform financial accounting and reporting standards for school districts. Our audit considered all of the listed categories.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the District failed to comply with the provisions of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Political Subdivisions*. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the District's noncompliance with the above referenced provisions.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Wipfli LLP

November 9, 2015 Duluth, Minnesota

Wiffei LLP

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements	
Type of auditor's report issued	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness identified? Significant deficiency(s) identified? Noncompliance material to the financial statements?	YesX No YesX No YesX No
Federal Awards	
Internal control over major programs: Material weakness identified? Significant deficiency(s) identified?	YesX No YesX None reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Circular A-133 Section .510(1)?	YesX No
Identification of major federal program:	
CFDA Number	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
10.553, 10.555 84.027, 84.173A	Child Nutrition Cluster Special Education Cluster
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B Programs	\$300,000
Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee?	YesX No

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

Item 2015-001 - Financial Statement Presentation and Disclosures - Significant Deficiency

Condition - The District's internal control over financial reporting does not end at the general ledger, but extends to the financial statements and related notes. As part of our professional services for the year ended June 30, 2015, Wipfli assisted in drafting the financial statements and related notes. While the District does have an internal control process to review the financial statements prepared by the auditors, the District does not have sufficient expertise to completely prepare its own financial statements and related notes, and relies on the auditors to provide necessary understanding or current accounting disclosure principles in the preparation of the financial statements and related notes.

Effect - The completeness of the related note disclosures and the accuracy of the overall financial presentation is negatively impacted as outside auditors do not have the same comprehensive understanding of the District and its staff. The potential exists that a misstatement of the financial statements and related notes could occur and not be prevented or detected by the District.

Criteria - Controls should be in place to prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Cause - The District does not have control policies and procedures over the preparation of the financial statements.

DISTRICT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN (CAP):

1. Explanation of Disagreement

The District does not disagree with the audit finding.

2. Action Planned

The District will continue to rely on the outside auditors to assist the District in drafting the financial statements. The District will continue to review the financial statements and related notes.

3. Official Responsible

The Superintendent and Business Manager.

4. Planned Completion Date

Immediately.

5. Plan to Monitor

The School Board will monitor compliance with the corrective action plan

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Continued)

Section III - Federal Program Findings

None.

Section IV - Minnesota Legal Compliance Findings

None.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Financial Statement Findings

Item 2014-001 - Financial Statement Presentation and Disclosures - Significant Deficiency

This finding was repeated for fiscal year 2015 as item 2015-001.

Federal Program Findings

Item 2014-002 – US. Department of Agriculture CFDA#10.553/10.555
Child Nutrition Cluster
Reporting - Significant Deficiency

Criteria - Student meal counts should be reported using the CLICS. The monthly counts should be reported within 60 days of the month end.

Condition - During the year ended June 30, 2014 meal counts at the elementary school were underreported.

Effect - Reimbursement for state and federal school breakfast and lunch aid totaling \$14,541.03 was not requested timely.

Cause - Meals served to kindergartners, latch-key and ECFE students were inadvertently excluded from meal counts reported each month.

Status - The District correctly submitted meal counts during the year ended June 30, 2015. This finding was not repeated for the fiscal year 2015.