

REFERENCES	DISCIPLINARY MEASURES	740
GL, Ch. 71, S.37G	Corporal punishment prohibited as a means of disciplining students.	
GL, C. 76, S.5	Exclusion from school on the basis of race, color, sex, religion or national origin is unlawful.	
Title VI, 1964 Civil Rights Act Regulation 45 CFR (part 80)	There can be no discrimination on the basis of race, color, or national origin in the operation of any federally assisted programs.	
Title VI, 1964 Civil Rights Act Regulation 45 Section 80.6 (b)	Record keeping is required of school districts receiving federal aid to insure that disciplinary measures are not discriminatory.	
Title IX, 1972 Educational Amendments Section 901 (a)	Exclusion from benefits of any educational program or activity (receiving federal financial assistance) on the basis of sex is unlawful.	
GL, C.76, S.17	“A school committee shall not permanently exclude a pupil from the public schools for alleged misconduct without first giving him and his parent or guardian an opportunity to be heard.”	
GL, C.76, S.18	Notice is required for a student who is 16 years of age or older prior to the student permanently leaving school.	
GL, C.71, S.84	A student shall not be suspended, expelled or otherwise disciplined on account of marriage, pregnancy, parenthood or for conduct which is not connected with school-sponsored activities.	
GL, C.76, S.16	Court remedies are provided for parents and students in the event that a student’s exclusion from school has been unlawful.	
<u>Goss v. Lopez</u> 43 USLW 4181 (1975)	Establishes conditions and requirements for suspension and exclusion.	
<u>Wood v. Strickland</u> 43 USLW 4293 (1975)	School committee members not immune from payment of a monetary award of damages to students if there is violation of constitutional rights in the context of school discipline.	