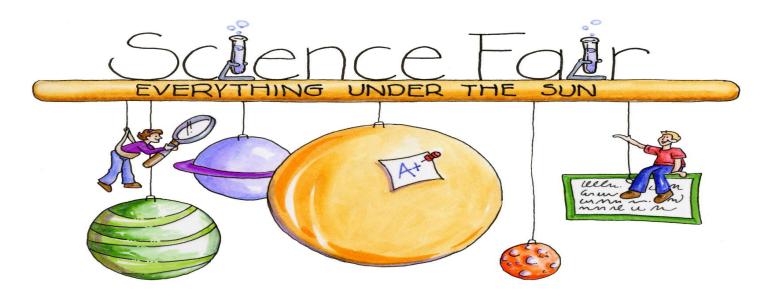
## Science Fair Class or Individual Project Packet 2024-2025

Teacher/Student Name_	Grade
School Name:	



### **Elementary Science Fair Planning Guide**

Follow these easy steps to create a Science Fair Project made by you!

Science Fair Projects MUST be an experiment! It is an experiment with the Scientific Method. If it has a question, or you can run repeated tests several times, and it has variables - it is an experiment. It must find answers to questions like: Which is the fastest? Growing tallest? Works best? (It is NOT a Model of the Solar System or Volcano or a Collection of leaves or rocks! It is not research on the planets or observations of how tadpoles change into frogs!)

#### Choose a topic that interests you!

You may NOT do an experiment that involves alcohol, firearms/weapons, mold, bacteria, or any harmful substances, devices, or activities!

Criteria for Participation in the Scientific Method Competition NOT ACCEPTED: Projects using allergens (i.e. mold), human, animal tissue/fluid, alcohol or weapons. Please do not submit these topics.

- 1. All projects must be represented on a board and notebook.
- 2. No project which involves inflicting harm, injury or death of vertebrate/invertebrate animals will be accepted.
- 3. Students should be able to describe orally the details of the project.
- 4. Use the judging sheet to include all components in the Science Fair project.

The following pages are fill in the blanks that will help you complete all the parts of the Scientific Method for a Science Fair project with a Board and Notebook.

Name	Date
Your turn! What would you like to do an experimen	it with? I want to do an experiment involving
TOPIC:	
(Life Science, Physica	l Science, Earth/Space Science)
Next, you have to come up with a question that is to metrics (length, width, volume) timed, or data can be	estable and measurable! Results are measured either with be collected. Here are some examples of questions.
•	rect how much a plant grows?  Izen substances melt?  Iheat it absorbs?  Ihow much water it absorbs?  In an animal will eat?  Iwill clean?  In any left? You could put a graph on top and count how  In laundry soap cleans the best, get paint color chips from  I shades the dirt color changes. Or cleaning
NOW YOU WRITE YOUR QUESTION! How does	
affect how the	
happen. Explain why you think that will happen be	
because	

(Example: If I use tap water on my plants, then the plants will grow more than the plants watered with juice or soda, because tap water is what we usually use to water our plants, and I have observed our plants growing.)

Reminder: You must run the experiment a MINIMUM of three trials.... Scientists would do many more

trials!

(Example: Three plants watered with tap water, three plants with juice, and three plants with soda).

#### Research Summary and Bibliography

Research Topic: You may use books, internet, professional experts, and other resources to find information about your topic. (If doing which liquid makes plants grow better, look up type of plant, photosynthesis, all the liquids being used, how a plant grows, soil, sunlight, etc.! Talk to a plant nursery worker!) WRITE THIS INFORMATION IN STUDENTS' OWN WORDS! Research and report on a minimum of 2 topics related to your experiment. Experiment must be mentioned in summary and evidence must be cited from research.

	Topic #1	
What text evidence did you learn abo	out your topic?	
	Topic #2	
What toxt oxidence did you learn abo	out your experiment?	
what text evidence did you learn abo	out your experiment:	
Bibliography sources: (2 books, or 2	sites or any combination!)	
Examples of sources:	ones of any community	
BOOKS:		
Book Title	 Author's Name	
BOOK THE	Author's Name	
INTERNET SITE:		
Title of Article	Site address	
EXPERTS in the FIELD:		

other groups to.
other groups to.
different liquids, water would be the control. ablish a criterion that you will compare your to XXXXX because it is the most used (or
iteria of why it was chosen:
ally use tap water to water our plants).
t? (Example: independent- <b>juice and soda).</b>
n this experiment? Remember: <b>Results</b> s down the ramp the fastest? How many how much did the plants with the different cube melts the fastest?)
Variables) -everything that is staying the ants are: same type of plant, same plant elecation, same amount of liquid given at pea plant 20 cm high, 2 L ceramic rust
easurement tools like meter sticks, beakers, ent. Include exact metric measurements for camera, pencils, paper, or computer).

Name			Date	
complete each ster need more space, o	o, just like a recipe continue the steps		the results in metric. N aper.	o and exactly how you wil umber each step. If you
1				
2				
3				
4				
5				
6.				
8				
9				
10.				
		Data Collection		or subjects may be added).
Item	Trial 1	Trial 2	Trial 3	Average
Control Group				

Item #2\_

## **Observation Log**

<u>Describe observations AS the experiment was run that can be done safely: see, hear, smell, touch or taste. Write</u>
<u>what is observed during the trials. Log may be adapted to add more trials and/or subjects.</u>

	Trial 1	Trial 2	Trial 3
(Control Group)	Observations:	Observations:	Observations:
Date:			
Time:			
Conditions: (Temp, weather, etc.)			
Item:			
Date:	Observations:	Observations:	Observations:
Time:			
Conditions:			
Item:			
Date:	Observations:	Observations:	Observations:
Time:			
Conditions:			
Item:			

<b>CONCLUSION:</b> After you conduct at least three trials, you will know what happened in the experiment or your results. You can explain them to other people through the data in graph or table. What happened? Where
there any difficulties? What would you do differently next time? Conclusion has 5 parts:
1) was hypothesis supported/not supported, 2) experiment's results/data/average collected, 3) some
research you learned, 4) what you would try next time, 5) how does the results of the experiment relate to
real life
1. Was your hypothesis supported or not supported? Why or why
not?
2. What were the data results in
averages?
3. What is some information (research) you learned?
4
4. What would you change or try for the next time?
5. How do the experiment's results relate to real life?
Title: Sum up project! (Example: plant experiment – <u>Thirsty Sunflowers!)</u>
Your title:

# Score Sheets for Scientific Method Project Board Grades Pre K-5 PROJECT BOARD MAY NOT BE 3D or HAVE ITEMS ATTACHED: PROJECT WILL BE DISQUALIFIED Project Name School Grade

Project Name_		Schoo	1	Grade
0=Does not appear	1=Attempt made to include	2=Adequately Addressed	3=Addressed completely	4=Superior (goes above and beyond)

Title	Reflects theme of the project				1	2		
Purpose	"How does the	affect how the	?" Stated	0	1	2	3	4
_	in question form using scientific vocabulary.							
Hypothesis	"If	then because	" statement. Uses	0	1	2	3	4
	"If because" statement. Uses previous knowledge, text evidence and/or examples to predict the outcome of the experiment in							

PROCEDURE					
List all steps taken with specific details.	0	1	2	3	4
Project experiment is original, scientifically relevant, and innovative	0	1	2	3	4
Describes a minimum of three trials	0	1	2	3	4
Design of experiment is valid and sound	0	1	2	3	4
Safety Issues are recognized	0	1	2	3	4
Metric measurements are used (Celsius, cm/mm/m/km/, mg/g/kg, mL/L/kl, newtons, etc.)	0	1	2	3	4
VARIABLES					
Identifies Control Group and establishes Control Group criteria	0	1	2	3	4
Identifies all Controlled Variables (Constant Variables)	0	1	$\frac{2}{2}$	3	4
Identifies Independent Variable (minimum of two different tested subjects)	0	1	2	3	4
Identifies Dependent Variable	0	1	2	3	4
Identifies Dependent variable	U	1	<u>L</u>	3	4
MATERIALS					
List all materials used (actual sizes in metric measurement)	0	1	2	3	4
Lists specific measurement tools used	0	1	2	3	4
DATA DISPLAY					
Complete and appropriate chart is present (Control Group is labelled)	0	1	2	3	14
Identifies three separate trials and includes an average of three trials	0	1	2	3	4
identifies three separate trials and includes an average of three trials	U	1		] 3	
CONCLUSION					
Explains results based on hypothesis	0	1	2	3	4
Includes data in explanation	0	1	2	3	4
Uses information in written report	0	1	2	3	4
Explains how results relate to real life application	0	1	2	3	4
Includes information about further experimentation	0	1	2	3	4
FORMAT					
-	0	1	2.	3	4
Original and attractive appearance (hand written work must be legible)	0	1	2	3	4
Grammar and spelling correct  Perfects student's most idea (symitten in students' syonds and MAV include whotes)	0	1	$\frac{2}{2}$	3	4
Reflects student's participation (written in students' words and MAY include photos) Students must earn 72 points on the <i>project powerpoint</i> to be interviewed.	10	1		3	4
students must carn 72 points on the project powerpoint to be interviewed.					
Tudge	Total	point	ts		
Score Sheet for Scientific Method Project Notebook Grades	s Pre	e K-:	5		
			_		
es not appear 1=Attempt made to include 2=Adequately Addressed 3=Addressed completely 4=S	uperic	r (goe	es abo	ve and	d b
Project Name School_		Gı	ade_		
RESEARCH REPORT:					
				0 1 2	
Student <u>titles</u> and <u>has textual evidence for EACH topic in student's own words.</u>	(min	imum			oics
Summary includes student explaining all: 1) 'Why were these, in student's own words, topics chosen?' and 2) 'How does the text evidence support the experiment? and 3) How will this in			•		2
Summary includes student explaining all: 1) 'Why were these, in student's own words, topics			•	ME <u>0 1 2</u> 0 1 2	

DATA COLLECTION	
Observation Log includes: Dates, Times, Conditions, and Description of experiment (see example)	ole) 0 1 2 3 4
Describe Observations of experiment as it is conducted based on appropriate and safe senses	0 1 2 3 4
Data Collection Chart/Graph (rough draft) identifies a minimum of three trials	0 1 2 3 4
Compares an average of trials to the Control Group	0 1 2 3 4
FORMAT:	
Original and attractive appearance (hand written work must be legible)	01234
Student participation is evident (project may be typed or hand written and may include photos)	0 1 2 3 4
Notebook is organized with sections clearly labeled	0 1 2 3 4
Students must earn 30 points on the notebook and 72 points on the project board to be interview	ewed.

Judge \_\_\_\_\_ Total Points \_\_\_\_

## **Score Sheet for Scientific Method Interview Grades Pre K-5**

Proje	Project Name School					
	Questions					
1.	What is the purpose of this project?	0	1	2	3	4
2.	What was your hypothesis, and why did you choose it?	0	1	2	3	4
3.	What are the steps to run your experiment?	0	1	2	3	4
4.	What parts of the experiment stayed the same?(Constant or Controlled Variables)	0	1	2	3	4
5.	What part of the experiment was changed on purpose?	0	1	2	3	4
	(Independent Variable)					
6.	What was the Control Group and why was it chosen?	0	1	2	3	4
7.	While you were collecting the data, what were your observations using your five	0	1	2	3	4
	senses?					
8.	What was the result of the change that you made? (Dependent Variable) What	0	1	2	3	4
	was the data of the experiment? (Student may use board information to explain).					
9.	How did the result of your experiment support or not support your hypothesis?	0	1	2	3	4
10.	How could this information be used in life?	0	1	2	3	4

Judge Total Points

Judges will ask each question. Students will describe their project, explain what they did, and how they conducted their experiment. Judges may reword/restate questions for younger students as necessary.