# Spend Management SubCommittee Report

September 11, 2006

## Agenda

- SubCommittee Overview
- What is Spend Management?
- Expense Overview
- Analysis
- Recommendations

## Spend Management SubCommittee

Sharon Porter, Parent
Sandra Stringer, Asst. Superintendent, D64
Andy Duerkop, Teacher & Parent
Gloria Skomasa, Community Member
Dave Govertsen, Teacher
Bill Gorman, Parent
Diana Stapleton, Parent

# Spend Management Subcommittee Objectives

- Identify opportunities to reduce <u>non-labor</u> costs (goods & services)
- 2. Recommend process improvements for the review and management of expenses

## Spend Management Subcommittee Key Steps

- Create a database of spending and cut into spend categories
- 2. Determine why specific expenses increased or decreased year-over-year (variance analysis)
- 3. Add volumes/student counts to the analysis that was previously performed to look for trends
- 4. Review contracts and bid process
- 5. Brainstorm unique methods of saving money, i.e., combine spending with other school districts, consortiums, etc.
- 6. Review spend categories to determine which have been tapped already and which have opportunity for savings











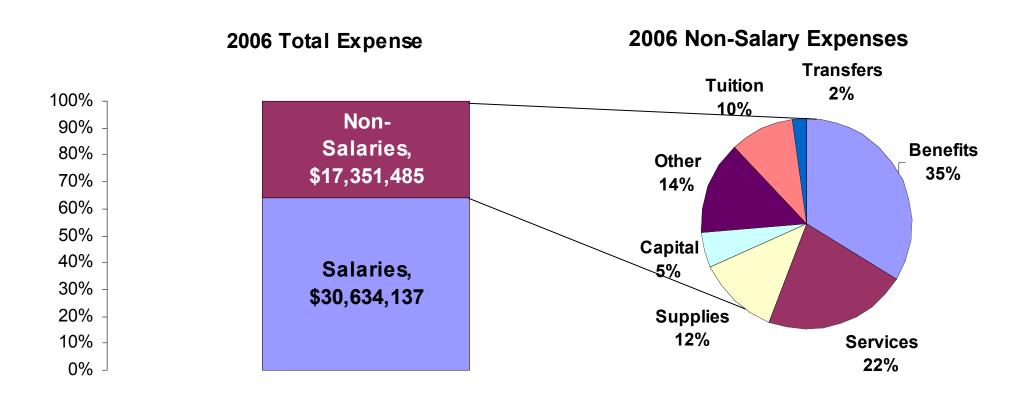
#### **Definitions**

**Spend management** is the way in which companies control and optimize the money they spend.

**Strategic sourcing** is a systematic corporate/institutional procurement process that continuously improves and reevaluates the purchasing activities of a company.

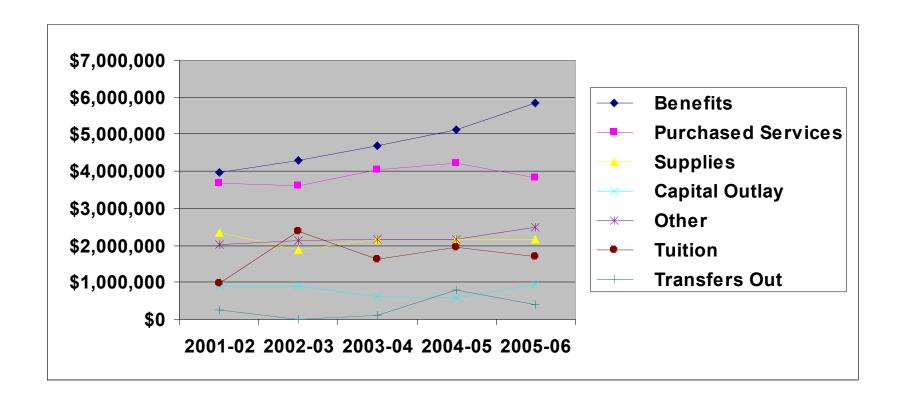
Source: Wikipedia

### 2006 Expenses At a Glance



- •Non-salary expenses are \$17 million, or 36% of total expense
- Largest non-salary expense is benefits cost

## Most non-salary costs have stayed relatively flat, other than Benefits.



D64 has done a good job controlling costs over the last five years.

## Analysis

## 2004/05 Supplier Statistics from Spend Analysis

- 13,104 payment lines of data
- Approximately 700 suppliers in total
  - Consolidated similar names
  - Removed Travel & Expense reimbursements
- 34 suppliers, or 5%, represent roughly 80% of spend
  - 44% of top spend is benefits related
  - 34% of top spend is bid out or could be bid out
  - 22% of top spend is not able to be bid (tuition, etc.)

A large majority of spend is highly concentrated with few large suppliers. Opportunity may result from:

- Strengthening bid process with top suppliers
- Shortening "the tail" of suppliers that make up the 20%

## We reviewed the top suppliers and whether or not a contract and/or bid was used.

(sample of top suppliers)					
Vendor Name	Total	Type of Spend Contract Ex	kp. Date Bid?		
COOK COUNTY SCHOOL BUS INC.	\$ 1,048,084		Jun-07 YES		
SELF	\$ 564,510	workers compensation insu Yes	Jun-06 YES		
SODEXHO INC.& AFFILIATES	\$ 473,620	Cafeteria foodservice provide Yes	YES		
APPLE COMPUTER INC.	\$ 465,051	Computers ational Discount	NO		
CONSTELLATION NEWENERGY	\$ 392,244	Electric Yes N	May-06 YES		
Xerox	\$ 282,642	District copiers Yes	2009 NO		
PEARSON EDUCATION	\$ 266,291	Textbooks	NO		
VANGUARD ENERGY SERVICES LLC	\$ 262,128	Gas Yes C	Oct-06 YES		
SBC	\$ 257,181	Telecommunications Yes F	Feb-07 YES		
SEPTRAN INC	\$ 252,299	Transportation	NO/MTSEP		
SEYFARTH SHAW	\$ 175,781	Legal	NO		
HARDING HEATING & AIR COND.	\$ 157,768	HVAC service repairs	NO		
IMAGING PARTNERS	\$ 151,308		NO		
FOLLETT	\$ 101,957	Textbooks	NO		
SSCIP	\$ 96,463	property liability insurance Yes [	Dec-06 YES		
ENERGY EDUCATION INC.	\$ 76,800	Energy Educ. Program Yes	NO		
McGRAW-HILL COMPANIES	*	Textbooks	NO		
MCH SERVICES INC.	\$ 64,709	Medical Services - BJB	NO		
303 TRANSPORTATION	\$ 57,967	Transportation, cab Spec. Ed.	NO		
ERC COMMERCIAL INC.	\$ 57,822		NO		
HOUGHTON MIFFLIN COMPANY	\$ 57,459	Textbooks	NO		
NICOR GAS	\$ 56,398	Gas transportation	NO		
LARSON EQUIP & FURNITURE	\$ 53,699	Classroom furnishings	NO		
SONITROL CHICAGOLAND NORTH	\$ 52,513	Security System Monitoring/maint.	YES		
DELWYN HARNISCH	\$ 47,328	Consultant - Educ. Ends Project	YES		
Unisource	\$ 36,870	Paper Bid A	nnually YES		
MODERNFOLD DOORS OF CHICAGO INC.	\$ 33,220	Repairs to folding partitions	YES		
COMMUNITY CAB COMPANY	\$ 33,034	Transportatioin, cab Spec. Ed.	NO		

### We reviewed different categories of spend to understand the distribution of suppliers and sourcing approach.

(sample of categories)

Category	Approach	Spend	# of Suppliers
Instructional Supplies	Teacher preference	\$370k	232
Maintenance & Repair	Spot buys	\$584k	81
IT	No signficant bids	\$876k	68
Books/Textbooks	Some bids	\$475k	59
Music Supplies	Teacher preference	\$52k	25
Athletic Supplies	Bid	\$36k	13
Janitorial Supplies	Some bid	\$65k	11
Special Ed Transportation	Consortium	\$364k	8

## We reviewed the current purchasing/sourcing process:

- Use "spot buy" method on many individual goods or services
- Conduct bids when required and on highest dollar items
- Contracts/bids are managed by different individuals
- Take advantage of state-led sourcing contracts

## Preliminary Recommendations

## Adopt a Spend Management Process

#### Analyze

Categorize and review payments across all funds on an annual basis

## Research and Create Strategy

 Adopt a bidding/purchasing strategy for each category type, based on level of spend

- Reduce the number of suppliers in each category
- Set up "preferred" suppliers

#### Source

- Utilize bidding strategy even if it is on the "exception" list
  - Just because it is not required doesn't mean it's not smart

#### Contract

- Manage contracts centrally
  - Make sure preferred suppliers were used

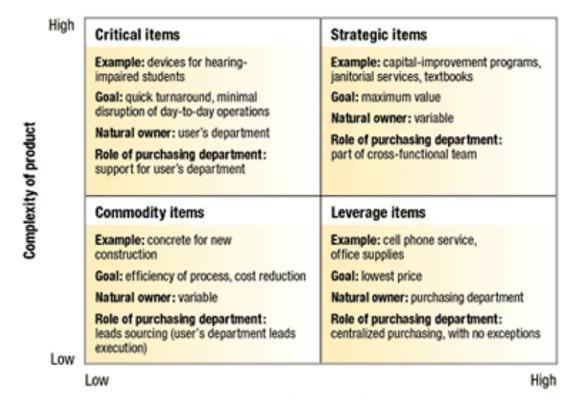
#### Manage Suppliers

- Set and hold suppliers to performance levels
  - Ask them to find savings opportunities

### Each category should be assessed

EXHIBIT 1

#### Who buys what?



Savings potential

### Chicago Public Schools saved 33% on Textbooks



#### **Book learning**

Forecast savings for Chicago Public Schools; index: initial textbook spending<sup>1</sup> = 100



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Includes supplemental materials and software.

<sup>2</sup>Figures do not sum to total, because of rounding.

## Potential Savings Opportunities

#### Supply Base Reduction

Instructional supplies – reduce the number of suppliers to leverage spend and negotiate discount. How do you balance creativity with spend management?

#### Competitive Bidding

- Bus transportation has not been bid for 10 years seek alternative suppliers
- Bid for legal and IT services
- Maintenance & Repair
  - Seek discount from Home Depot
  - Issue bid requests
- Consider posting bid requests on D64 web site
- Can some IT spend with Apple be purchased elsewhere cheaper?

#### Outsource non-core functions

- Maintenance staff perform general repair & maintenance, janitorial and landscaping duties
  - Outsource landscaping (was bid out previously, but not recently)
  - Outsource janitorial (approx. 10% of schools in US are doing this)
- Outsource computer maintenance

## Potential Savings Opportunities (cont'd)

#### Collaborative/consortium purchasing

- Healthcare and medical insurance (healthcare costs continue to rise 10-15% per year\*)
- Bus transportation (if no competition)
- Other?



#### Capital Investment

 Invest in capital to fix heaters so they are more efficient and better controlled (instead of opening windows to cool down rooms)

#### Working Capital

- More frequent billings for Jefferson after-school care
- Ability for fees to be paid online

#### Contract Audit

Check to see if you were charged the right price

## Overall Recommendations & Next Steps

- Adopt a spend management process
  - Review and categorize 2005/2006 payments
  - Refine supplier categorization and bid approach with D64 Administration
  - Centralize contract/bid schedule
- Investigate savings opportunities
  - Prioritize opportunities based on value and level of effort
  - Select at least three savings opportunities to research
  - Consider utilizing a consultant to evaluate savings opportunities
- Work with Insurance Committee to understand current spend management practices within Benefits category
- Benchmark cooperative buying agreements with other districts