**Audited Financial Statements** 

For The Year Ended June 30, 2013

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### PARK RIDGE-NILES SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 64 June 30, 2013

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### Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Education Park Ridge-Niles School District No. 64 Park Ridge, IL

### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Park Ridge-Niles School District No. 64, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Park Ridge-Niles School District No. 64's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Park Ridge-Niles School District No. 64's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Park Ridge-Niles School District No. 64, as of June 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 3-12 and 48 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Park Ridge-Niles School District No. 64's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The statistical section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated September 19, 2013 on our consideration of Park Ridge-Niles School District No. 64's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Park Ridge-Niles School District No. 64's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Klein Hall CPAs Aurora, Illinois

September 19, 2013

lain Hall CPAS

This section of Park Ridge-Niles School District No. 64's annual financial report presents its discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2013. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section. All amounts are expressed in millions of dollars unless otherwise noted.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is an element of the reporting model adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in their Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments, issued June 1999. The MD&A is management's explanation of the District's financial position.

### Financial Highlights

- In total, net position increased by \$6.4. This represents a 9% increase from 2012.
- General revenues accounted for \$62.9 in revenue or 77% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and fees and grants accounted for \$19.0 or 23% of total revenues of \$81.9.
- The District continued to pay down its long-term bonded debt retiring \$2.1 of principal in fiscal 2013.
- The District received a Recognition financial profile rating from the Illinois State Board of Education for 2013, which is the highest possible rating.

#### Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of three parts: management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

The first two statements are district-wide financial statements that provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial status.

The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the district-wide statements.

The governmental funds statements tell how basic services such as regular and special education were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.

Fiduciary funds statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year.

Figure A-1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Figure A-1
Organization of Park Ridge-Niles School District No. 64 Annual Financial Report

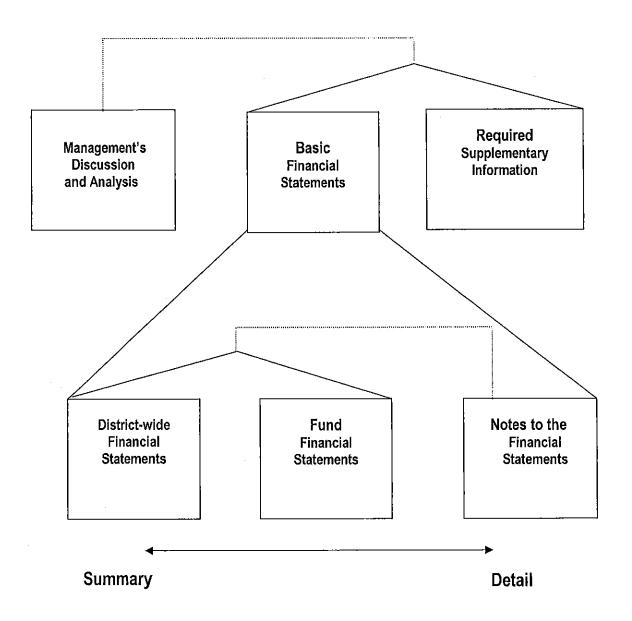


Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District's activities they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

<u> </u>	of the District-wide and Fun District-wide Statements	Fund Financi	al Statements
		Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire District (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as Educational and Operations & Maintenance	Instances in which the District administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as student activities monies
Required financial statements	<ul><li>Statement of net position</li><li>Statement of activities</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Balance sheet</li> <li>Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Statement of fiduciary net assets</li> <li>Statement of changes in fiduciary net assets</li> </ul>
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long- term liabilities included	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term; funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

### District-wide Statements

The district-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the District's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two district-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position – the difference between the District's assets, liabilities and other inflows/outflows – is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

To assess the District's overall health, additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities must be considered.

In the district-wide financial statements, the District's activities are all categorized as Governmental activities. All of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation, and administration. Property taxes and state aid finance most of these activities.

### Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds – not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

- Some funds are required by state law and by bond covenants.
- The District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (such as repaying its long-term debts) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (such as federal grants).

### The District has two categories of funds:

- Governmental funds: Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the District-wide statements, additional information after each of the governmental funds statements explains the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Fiduciary funds: The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, such as the student activities funds. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The District excludes these activities from the district-wide financial statements because it cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

### Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

Net position: The District's *combined* net position increased 9.3% to \$75.3 million as of June 30, 2013 (See Figure A-3).

Figure A-3

Condensed Statement of Net Position (in millions of dollars)

	Governmental Activities				
		2013	2012		
Assets:	<u> </u>		,		
Current and other assets	\$	88.0	\$	82.3	
Capital assets		39.0_		37.8	
Total assets		127.0		120.1	
Liabilities:					
Current liabilities		38.3		35.8	
Long-term debt outstanding		13.4		15.4	
Total liabilities		51.7		51.2	
Net position:					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		28.1		24.6	
Restricted		14.4		11.7	
Unrestricted		32.8		32.6	
Total net position	\$	75.3	\$	68.9	

The District continues to maintain a stable financial position.

The District's total revenues increased 4% to \$81.9 million (See Figure A-4). Property taxes account for approximately 75% of the District's total revenues. An additional 20% of the District's revenue comes from general state aid and state and federal grants. Only 5% comes from direct charges for services in the form of student fees, interest income, or miscellaneous local revenues.

The total cost of all programs and services decreased 1% to \$75.5 million (See Figure A-4). The District's expenses are predominantly related to instructing, caring for (pupil services), and transporting students (76%). The District's administrative and business activities accounted for 10% of total costs and another 9% was for maintenance and operation of the District's buildings.

Total revenues surpassed expenses, increasing net position by \$6.4 million over last year.

Figure A-4 Changes in Net Position from Operating Results (in millions of dollars)

	Governmental						
	Activities						
		2013	2012				
Revenues							
Program Revenues							
Charges for Services	\$	4.2	\$	3.9			
Operating Grants & Contributions		14.8	-	12.8			
Capital Grants & Contributions		-		-			
General Revenues							
Taxes		61.5		60.1			
General State Aid		1.3		1.5			
Other		0.1		0.8			
Total Revenues	\$	81.9	\$	79.1			
Expenses							
Instruction		49.5		46.7			
Pupil & Instructional Services		6.0		5.7			
Administration & Business		7.2		6.3			
Transportation		1.6		1.6			
Operations & Maintenance		7.0		8.7			
Other	<del></del>	4.2		7.2			
Total Expenses	\$	75.5	\$	76.2			
Increase in net position	\$	6.4	\$	2.9			

Figure A-5 Sources of Revenues for Fiscal Year 2013

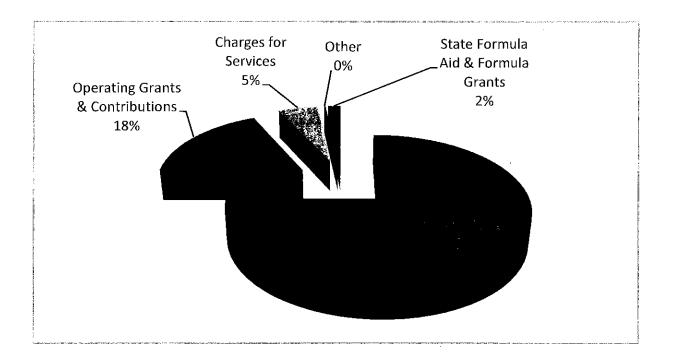
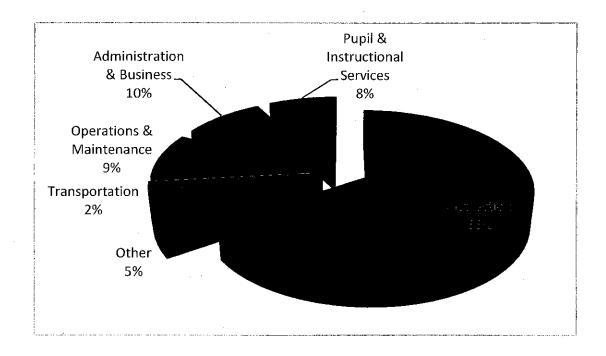


Figure A-6 Expenses for Fiscal Year 2013



#### Governmental Activities

The District's governmental activities reported a 3% increase in revenues and a 1% decrease in expenses as compared to the prior year. This resulted in a \$6.4 million increase in net position for fiscal year 2012-13.

The stable health of the District's finances can be credited to both a solid real estate tax base and a focused effort on controlled spending.

### Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds as well. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$49.7 million, as compared to last year's ending fund balances of \$46.4 million. The increase in fund balance aligns with the District's long-term financial projections and strategic planning initiatives. The District expects to begin spending down its fund balance next year and beyond as several capital projects occur on the district's buildings.

All of the District's governmental funds reported increases in fund balance in fiscal year 2012-13 except for the Operations and Maintenance Fund and the Municipal Retirement/Social Security Fund. The Board authorized a transfer of \$3.5 million from the Operations and Maintenance Fund to the Capital Projects Fund during the year to fund the summer site improvements performed at Carpenter, Franklin, and Lincoln Schools. The Municipal Retirement/Social Security Fund decreased because the District allocated less of its tax levy dollars to this fund than in the prior year.

The District continues to maintain fund balance at a level that complies with the Board's policy requiring operating fund balance of at least 33% of annual operating expenses. It is important to note that only \$35.3 million of the District's \$49.7 million total fund balance is considered unassigned. This means the remaining \$14.4 million of fund balance is restricted for specific purposes such as debt service, retirement benefits, transportation, tort liability or capital projects.

### General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The District's General Fund consists of the following budgetary accounts: Educational, Operations and Maintenance, Working Cash, and Tort Immunity. The analysis below takes into the account the collective performance of these accounts.

- Revenues in the General Fund were greater than budgeted revenues by \$0.3 million. This equates to only a 0.4% difference from budget, which is remarkable given the uncertainty involved with predicting when the district will receive its tax collections and state grant revenue.
- Expenditures were less than budget by \$1.7 million (or 2.5%) as the District controlled its spending during another year of economic uncertainty.

### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

### Capital Assets

By the end of 2013, the District had invested \$39.0 million in a broad range of capital assets, including school buildings, computer equipment, audio-visual equipment and administrative offices (See Figure A-7). (More detailed information about capital assets can be found in Note 3 to the financial statements.) Total depreciation expense for the year was approximately \$1.6 million, while additions to buildings and equipment amounted to \$2.8 million.

Figure A-7
Capital Assets (net of depreciation, in millions of dollars)

	Governmental Activities						
	2013	2012					
Land	\$ 0.4	\$	0.4				
Construction in progress	_		0.6				
Buildings & improvements	38.2		36.3				
Equipment	 0.4		0.5				
TOTAL	\$ 39.0	\$	37.8				

### Long-Term Debt

At year-end, the District had \$13.5 million in general obligation bonds, retirement obligations, and other long-term debt outstanding – as shown in Figure A-8. (More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 4 to the financial statements.)

Figure A-8
Outstanding Long-Term Debt (in millions of dollars)

	Total School District						
		2013	2012				
General obligation bonds Other long-term debt	\$	10.8	\$	12.9 2.5			
TOTAL	\$	13.5	\$	15.4			

### Factors Bearing on the District's Future

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of the following circumstances that will significantly affect financial operations in the future:

The District is affected by the downturn in local, state and national economy. The District's primary source of funding is property taxes. The Property Tax Extension Limitation Law defines and maintains a limit on the rate of increase for property tax revenues based on the National Consumer Price Index. The release of the 2011 CPI-U of 3.0% affected the District's ability to increase its operating fund revenues for fiscal year 2012-13 and beyond, although the passage of the 2007 referendum has positioned the District to survive the economic storm without dismantling its educational programs.

The District continues to monitor the State of Illinois' financial condition, budget discussions, and legislation closely. The State's budgetary decisions or school funding reforms could impact the District's funding levels received in future years. State legislators continue to discuss reform measures for the TRS pension system, which potentially could lead to a shift of pension costs to local school districts.

There are also federal educational issues such as the Affordable Healthcare Act that may have implications on the District's operations. District administration is closely following information on these regulations as it is released to ensure the District remains in compliance.

### Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Business Office:

Park Ridge-Niles School District 64 164 South Prospect Avenue Park Ridge, Illinois 60068

(concluded)

### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2013

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	
Cash and investments	\$ 55,424,600
Receivables:	
Property taxes	30,694,582
Due from other governments	910,426
Other receivables	251,891
Deferred charges	21,344
Other current assets	726,175
Capital assets:	
Land	353,013
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	38,649,957_
Total Assets	127,031,988
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	1,317,015
Accrued salaries and related expenditures	6,259,252
Unearned revenue	30,694,582
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Due within one year	2,623,095
Due in more than one year	10,833,474
·	
	51,727,418
Net Position:	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	28,046,265
Restricted	14,434,456
Unrestricted	32,823,849
On osu loca	32,023,049
Total net position	\$ 75,304,570

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Functions	Expenses	Charges for Services	Program Revenues Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets Total Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities:					
Instructional services:					
Regular programs	\$ 38,277,874	\$ 361,765	\$ 10,149,268	\$ -	\$ (27,766,841)
Special programs	10,179,762		3,692,445	_	(6,487,317)
Other programs	1,093,661	2,142,868	73,701	_	1,122,908
Support services:	, ,		,		
Pupils	4,216,122			-	(4,216,122)
Instructional staff	1,775,063			_	(1,775,063)
General administration	2,257,868			-	(2,257,868)
School administration	2,946,900			-	(2,946,900)
Business	2,004,806	1,429,005	40,223	-	(535,578)
Operation and maintenance					
of facilities	7,008,364	164,121	108,982	-	(6,735,261)
Transportation	1,625,743	63,008	704,979		(857,756)
Central	1,592,941			-	(1,592,941)
Community services	985,816			<u>.</u> .	(985,816)
Payments to other districts	916,325			-	(916,325)
Interest on long-term liabilities	642,606			-	(642,606)
Total school district	\$ 75,523,851	\$ 4,160,767	\$ 14,769,598	\$ -	(56,593,486)
	Federal and s	s levied for: poses ion e perty replacement tate aid not restrictes) on investmen	cted to specific pu	rposes	54,552,405 1,205,431 1,708,416 2,863,992 1,129,160 1,361,764 (47,849) 186,923
		Total general r	revenues		62,960,242
		6,366,756			
	Net position - b	68,937,814			
	Net position - e	ending			\$ 75,304,570

### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2013

ASSETS	General		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
<del></del>						
Assets: Cash and investments	\$	42,089,519	\$	13,335,081	\$	55,424,600
Receivables:	Ф	42,009,319	Ф	13,333,001	Φ	55,424,000
Property taxes		27,893,850		2,800,732		30,694,582
Due from other governments		770,478		139,948		910,426
Other receivables		233,272		18,619		251,891
Due from other funds		1,453,109		-		1,453,109
Other current assets		538,814		187,361		726,175
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	72,979,042	\$	16,481,741	\$	89,460,783
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	459,840	\$	857,175	\$	1,317,015
Due to other funds		1,453,109		_		1,453,109
Accrued salaries and related expenditures		6,259,252		-		6,259,252
Deferred revenue		27,893,850		2,800,732		30,694,582
Total Liabilities	<u></u>	36,066,051		3,657,907		39,723,958
Fund Balances:						
Restricted		1,610,622		-		1,610,622
Unassigned		35,302,369		-		35,302,369
Reported as:						
Restricted - Capital Projects Funds		-		4,888,363		4,888,363
Restricted - Special Revenues Funds		-		4,477,441		4,477,441
Restricted - Debt Service Funds		-		3,458,030		3,458,030
Total Fund Balances		36,912,991		12,823,834		49,736,825
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	72,979,042	\$	16,481,741	\$	89,460,783

## RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2013

Total fund balances - governmental fund		\$ 49,736,825	
Amounts reported for governmental activiti	es in the statement of net position are different because	se:	
Capital assets used in governmental active reported in the funds. The cost of the is \$31,808,523.		39,002,970	
<del>-</del>	nent of Net Position are not available to pay for currer not included in the governmental funds balance	ıt	21,344
Long-term liabilities, including bonds p therefore are not reported in the funds	ayable, are not due and payable in the current period s.	and	
	General obligation bonds (10,956,	705)	
	Other post employment benefits (1,890,		
	Compensated absences (348,	095)	
	Net pension obligation - IMRF (261,	349)_	 (13,456,569)
Net position of governmental activities		_	\$ 75,304,570

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	General		Other Governmental Funds		Totals Governmental Funds	
REVENUES						
Local sources	\$	59,755,327	\$	5,926,397	\$	65,681,724
State sources		14,120,276	,	704,979	,	14,825,255
Federal sources		1,383,628		<u> </u>		1,383,628
Total Revenues		75,259,231		6,631,376		81,890,607
EXPENDITURES						
Current operating:						
Instruction		48,386,094		931,674		49,317,768
Support services		19,026,718		5,597,395		24,624,113
Community services		867,549		100,962		968,511
Payments to other districts		890,622		-		890,622
Debt service:						
Principal		-		2,160,000		2,160,000
Interest and other		<del></del>		631,465		631,465
Total Expenditures		69,170,983		9,421,496		78,592,479
Excess of revenues over expenditures		6,088,248		(2,790,120)		3,298,128
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in		184,659		5,500,000		5,684,659
Transfers out		(5,671,954)		(12,705)		(5,684,659
Total other financing sources (uses)		(5,487,295)		5,487,295		<del></del>
Net changes in fund balance		600,953		2,697,175		3,298,128
Fund Balances at beginning of year		36,312,038		10,126,659		46,438,697
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR	\$	36,912,991	\$	12,823,834	\$	49,736,825

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 3,298,128
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different bec	ause:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,500 are capitalized and the cost over their estimated lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by	is allocated	
capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.		
Capital outlays	2,751,247	
Depreciation expense	(1,573,286)	1,177,961
Some items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of		
current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities consist of:		
Increase in other post employment benefits	(311,749)	
Increase in compensated absences	(5,473)	
Increase in net pension obligation - IMRF	(33,001)	(350,223)
The governmental funds report bond and loan proceeds as an other financing source, w	hile	
repayment of bond and loan principal is reported as an expenditure. Also, governmen		
report the effect of issuance costs and premiums when debt is first issued, whereas the		
amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The net effect of the	nese	
differences in the treatment of bonds and loans and related items is as follows:		
Amortization of issuance costs on bond issuance	(11,141)	
Amortization of premium on bond issuances	92,031	
Repayment of bond and loan principal	2,160,000	2,240,890
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 6,366,756

### AGENCY FUND - ACTIVITY FUND STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Assets:	
Cash	\$ 95,465
Liabilities:	
Due to organizations	\$ 95,465

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2013

### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Park Ridge-Niles School District 64 (the District) operates as a public school system governed by a seven-member board. The District is organized under the School Code of the State of Illinois, as amended. The accounting policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies, consistently applied in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements is described below.

### a. The Reporting Entity

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the financial statements of the reporting entity include: (1) the primary government, (2) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (3) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The criteria provided by Government Accounting Standards Board Statements (GASB) has been considered and there are no agencies or entities which should be presented with the District. Using the same criteria, the District is not included as a component unit of any other governmental entity.

A legally separate, tax exempt organization should be reported as a component unit of a reporting entity if all of the following criteria are met: (1) the economic resources received or held by the separate organization are entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the primary government, its component units, or its constituents; (2) the primary government is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, a majority of the economic resources received or held by the separate organization; (3) the economic resources received or held by an individual organization that the specific primary government, or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, are significant to that primary government. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and are reported with similar funds of the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the primary government. This report does not contain any component units.

### b. Fund Accounting

The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements. The following summarizes the fund types used by the District:

Governmental funds include the following fund types:

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2013

General Fund - The General Fund, which consists of the legally mandated Educational Account, Operations and Maintenance Account, Tort Immunity Account and Working Cash Account, is used to account for the revenues and expenditures, which are used in providing education in the District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

Educational Account – These accounts are used for most of the instructional and administrative aspects of the District's operations, as well as providing school lunch services to students. The revenue consists primarily of local property taxes, state government aid and student registration fees and lunch receipts from the District food service program.

Operations and Maintenance Account – These accounts are used for expenditures made for operation, repair and maintenance of District property. Revenue consists primarily of local property taxes.

Working Cash Account – This fund accounts for financial resources held by the District to be used as loans for working capital requirements to any other fund for which taxes are levied. The Working Cash Account was established and has been used to respond to fluctuations in cash flow resulting from unpredictable property tax collections. The earnings of the fund are allowed to be transferred to another fund under the <u>Illinois Compiled Statutes</u>. The principal of the fund, accumulated from bond issues, can be used as a source from which the District borrows money to support temporary deficiencies in other funds, or may be partially or fully transferred to the General Fund's Educational Account, upon Board approval.

**Tort Immunity Account** – This fund accounts for revenues and expenditures related to tort immunity. Revenue is primarily derived from local property taxes.

**Special Revenue Funds** - Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than Debt Service and Capital Projects Funds) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The District's Special Revenue Funds are the Transportation and Municipal Retirement/Social Security Funds.

**Transportation Fund** – This fund accounts for the revenue and expenditures relating to student transportation, both to and from school. Revenue is derived primarily from local property taxes and state reimbursement grants.

Municipal Retirement/Social Security Fund – This fund accounts for the District's portion of the pension contributions to the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund for noncertified employees and social security contributions

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2013

for applicable certified and noncertified employees. Revenue to finance the contributions is derived primarily from local property taxes.

**Debt Service Funds** - Debt service funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest. Debt service funds should be used to report resources if legally mandated. Financial resources that are being accumulated for principal and interest maturing in future years also should be reported in debt service funds.

**Debt Service Fund** - The Debt Service Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs. Since there are no legal requirements on bond indentures, which mandate that a separate fund be established for each bond issue, the District maintains one Debt Service Fund for all bond issues.

Capital Projects Funds - Capital projects funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. Capital projects funds exclude those types of capital-related outflows financed by proprietary funds or for assets that will be held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

Capital Projects Fund - The Capital Projects Fund accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

### Fiduciary Fund Type

**Agency Funds** - The Agency Funds (Activity Funds) account for assets held by the District in trustee capacity or as an agent for student organizations. These funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of the results of operations. In accordance with GASB 34, fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements.

The District reports the following funds as major governmental funds:

### General Fund

The District has adopted a policy consistent with GASB Statement No. 34 to net the interfund receivables and payables for combined totals used to determine the major funds. Consequently, the interfund loan balances, which net to zero, are not utilized to determine major funds.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2013

### c. Basis of Presentation

### Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. All of the District's operating activities are considered "governmental activities"; that is, activities that are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. The District has no operating activities that would be considered "business activities".

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expense of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to students or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

### Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Government fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities in the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, are recorded only when payment is due.

Interest associated with the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual and so has been recognized as a revenue of the current period. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2013

year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the District receives the cash.

On-behalf payments (payments made by a third party for the benefit of the District, such as payments made by the state to the Teachers Retirement System) have been recognized in the financial statements.

Property taxes, replacement taxes, certain state and federal aid, and interest on investments are susceptible to accrual. Other receipts become measurable and available when cash is received by the District and recognized as revenue at that time.

Grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant. Accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as deferred revenues until earned.

### d. Deposits and Investments

State statutes authorize the District to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain highly-rated commercial paper, corporate bonds, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool. Investments are stated at fair value. Changes in fair value of investments are included as investment income.

### e. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, and furniture and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. The District defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,500 for furniture, equipment, and buildings and improvements and an estimated useful life of 1 year or more. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

Assets	Years
Buildings	60-80 years
Land improvements	15-20 years
Vehicles	8-18 years
Equipment	1-20 years

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2013

### f. Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to a "due to/from other funds". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column in the statement of net position. Receivables are expected to be collected within one year.

### g. Deferred Revenue

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Property taxes levied for the subsequent year are not earned and cannot be used to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred revenue and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Unearned			Totals
Property taxes receivable for subsequent year		30,694,582	_\$	30,694,582
Total	\$	30,694,582	\$	30,694,582

### h. Property Taxes

The District must file its tax levy ordinance by the last Tuesday in December of each year. The District's property tax is levied each year on all taxable real property located in the District. The owner of real property on January 1 (the lien date) in any year is liable for taxes of that year.

The PTELA limitation is applied in the aggregate to the total levy (excluding certain levies for the repayment of debt). PTELA limits the increase in total taxes billed to the lessor of 5% or the percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index (CPI) for the preceding year. The amount can be exceeded to the extent there is "new growth" in the District's tax base. The new growth consists of new construction, annexations and tax increment finance district property becoming eligible for taxation.

The Cook County Assessor is responsible for the assessment of all taxable real property within Cook County except for certain railroad property which is assessed directly by the State. The County is reassessed every three years by the Assessor.

The County Clerk computes the annual tax rate by dividing the levy into the assessed valuation of the taxing district. The County Clerk then computes the rate for each parcel of real property by aggregating the tax rates of all units having jurisdiction over that parcel. Property taxes are collected by the Cook County Collector who remits to the units their respective shares of the

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2013

collections. Taxes levied in one calendar year become due and payable in two installments on March 1 and September 1 during the following calendar year. The first installment is an estimated bill and is 55% of the prior year's tax bill. The second installment is based on the current levy, assessment, and equalization, and any changes from the prior year will be reflected in the second installment bill. Substantial collections are received by the District in March and September.

In the fund financial statements, the property tax levy receivable collected within the current year or expected to be collected within 60 days of year end (provided any 60 day collections do not include taxes from the second installment) to be used to pay liabilities of the current period is recognized as revenue. The tax receivable less the amount expected to be collected within 60 days of year end to be used to pay liabilities of the current period is reflected as deferred revenue in the fund financial statements. All property taxes receivable over one year old have been written off.

### i. Personal Property Replacement Taxes

Personal property replacement tax revenues are first allocated to the extent required by Illinois law in the Municipal Retirement/Social Security Fund with the balance allocated to funds at the discretion of the District.

### j. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors that reflect cost applicable to future accounting periods are recorded as prepaid assets.

### k. Compensated Absences

Under terms of employment, employees are granted sick leave and vacations in varying amounts. Only benefits considered to be vested are disclosed in these statements.

All vested vacation and sick leave pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements, or are payable with expendable available resources.

Payments for vacation and sick leave will be made at rates in effect when in benefits are used. Accumulated vacation and sick leave liabilities at June 30, 2013 are determined on the basis of current salary rates and include salary related payments.

The District's compensated absences consist of vacation time and sick days. Employees who work a twelve-month year entitled to be compensated for vacation time. Vacation time earned in the previous year is credited to each employee on July 1 of the new year.

All certified employees receive a specified number of sick days per year depending on their years of service, in accordance with the agreement between the Board of Education and the Park Ridge

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2013

Education Association. Unused sick leave days accumulate to a maximum of 340 days. The District does not reimburse employees for unused sick days upon termination of employment. Upon retirement, a certified employee may apply up to 340 days of unused sick leave toward service credit for TRS. He/she is reimbursed at the rate of \$55 per day for any remaining sick days to a maximum amount of 80 days.

Classified personnel receive a specified number of sick days per year depending on their years of service. Teacher assistants can accumulate unused sick days to a maximum of 275 days. Other classified personnel can accumulate unused sick days without limit. A classified employee may apply unused sick leave towards service credit for IMRF. However, in practice, the District pays this time out at retirement at the rate of \$55 per day. The District does not reimburse classified employees covered under this agreement for unused sick days remaining upon termination of employment.

Due to the nature of the policies on sick leave, and the fact that any liability is contingent upon future events and cannot be reasonably estimated, no liability is provided in the future events and cannot be reasonably estimated, no liability is provided in the financial statements for accumulated unpaid sick leave.

### I. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

### m. Comparative Data

The financial statements include summarized prior-year comparative information. Such information does not include sufficient detail to constitute a presentation in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2012, from which such summarized information was derived.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2013

### n. Eliminations and Reclassifications

In the process of aggregating data for the government-wide financial statements, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances were eliminated or reclassified.

### o. Net Position

Government-Wide Statements

Net Position is classified and displayed in three components:

Net investment in capital assets. Consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets and adjusted for any deferred inflows and outflows of resources attributable to capital assets and related debt.

**Restricted.** Consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows or resources related to those assets, with restriction constraints placed on the use either by external groups, such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments, or law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

**Unrestricted.** Net amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investments in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

It is the District's policy to first use restricted net resources prior to the use of unrestricted net resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net resources are available.

### NOTE 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Investments held by the District which are short-term highly liquid investments having a remaining maturity of one year or less at the time of purchase are reported by the District at amortized cost. All other investments are reported at fair value. Gains or losses on the sale of investments are recognized upon realization. The District has adopted a formal written investment and cash management policy. The institutions in which investments are made must be approved by the Board of Education.

### Cash and Investments Under the Custody of the Township Treasurer

Under the Illinois Compiled Statutes, the Maine Township School Treasurer is the lawful custodian of all school funds. The Treasurer is appointed by the Township School Trustees, an independently elected body, to serve the school districts in the township. The Treasurer is the direct recipient of

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2013

property taxes, replacement taxes and most state and federal aid and disburses school funds upon lawful order of the school board. The Treasurer invests excess funds at his discretion, subject to the legal restrictions discussed below. For these purposes, the Treasurer is permitted to combine monies from more than one fund of a single district and to combine monies of more than one district in the township. Monies combined under these circumstances, as well as investment earnings, are accounted for separately for each fund and/or district.

Cash and investments, other than the student activity and convenience accounts, petty cash, and imprest funds, are part of a common pool for all school districts and cooperatives within the township. The Treasurer maintains records that segregate the cash and investment balance by district or cooperative. Income from investments is distributed monthly based upon the District's percentage participation in the pool. All cash for all funds, including cash applicable to the Debt Service Fund and the Illinois Municipal Retirement/Social Security Fund, is not deemed available for purposes other than those for which these balances are intended.

The Treasurer's investment policies are established by the Maine Township School Trustees as prescribed by the Illinois School Code and the Illinois Compiled Statutes. The Treasurer is authorized to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government, certificates of deposit issued by commercial banks and savings and loan associations, and commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services (subject to certain limitations).

The Treasurer's Office operates as a non-rated, external investment pool. The fair value of the District's investment in the Treasurer's pool is determined by the District's proportionate share of the fair value of the investments held by the Treasurer's office.

The Treasurer also holds money market type investments, certificates of deposits and other deposits with financial institutions. As of June 30, 2013, the fair value of all investments held by the Treasurer's office was \$368,464,228 and the fair value of the District's proportionate share of the pool was \$55,424,600.

Because all cash and investments are pooled by a separate legal governmental agency (Treasurer), categorization by risk category is not determinable. Further information about whether investments are insured, collateralized, or uncollateralized is available from the Treasurer's financial statements.

### **Deposits and Custodial Credit Risk**

	Carr	ying Value	Bank Balance		
Deposits with financial institutions - Fiduciary Funds	\$	85,501	\$	90,130	

### **Investments**

At year end, the District had the following investments (Fiduciary Funds):

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2013

Investment Type	Fa	ir Value	Maturity	Portfolio	Interest Rate
Illinois School District Liquid Asset Fund	\$	9,964	On demand	100%	Variable

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the value of an investment. The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. However, the District's policy states investments shall provide sufficient liquidity to enable the District to meet all operating requirements that may be reasonably anticipated.

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. State statues limit the investments in commercial paper and corporate bonds to the top three ratings of two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSRO's). The District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

The District's policy states that the Treasurer shall diversify its investments to the best of its ability based upon the type of funds invested, available institutions to invest in, and the cash flow needs of those funds. Diversification can be by type of investment, number of institutions invested in, and length of maturity. Maturities of investments of the various funds of the District shall be determined to enable the District to have available sufficient cash for all operation purposes.

The Illinois School District Liquid Asset Fund Plus (ISDLAF+) is a not-for-profit investment trust formed pursuant to the Illinois Municipal Code and managed by a Board of Trustees elected from participating members. The trust is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. Investments are rated AAAm and are valued at share price, which is the price for which the investment could be sold.

Custodial Credit Risk — Deposits. With respect to deposits, custodial credit risk refers to the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's investment policy limits the exposure to deposit custodial credit risk by requiring all deposits in excess of FDIC insurable limits to be secured by collateral in the event of default of failure of the financial institution holding the funds. As of June 30, 2013, the bank balance of the District's deposits with financial institutions totaled \$90,130; this amount was fully insured through FDIC.

### **NOTE 3. CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2013 was as follows:

PARK RIDGE-NILES SCHOOL DISTRICT 64
Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2013

	Balance June 30, 2012	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2013
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 353,013	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 353,013
Construction in progress	556,160	-	556,160	<b>-</b>
Total capital assets not being depreciated	909,173	7	556,160	353,013
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	55,863,401	556,160	~	56,419,561
Improvements other than buildings	3,120,262	2,591,518	-	5,711,780
Equipment and vehicles	8,420,774	159,729	253,364	8,327,139
Total capital assets being depreciated	67,404,437	3,307,407	253,364	70,458,480
Accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	21,860,883	1,276,087	-	23,136,970
Improvements other than buildings	682,502	140,843		823,345
Equipment and vehicles	7,945,216	156,356	253,364	7,848,208
Total Accumulation depreciation	30,488,601	1,573,286	253,364	31,808,523
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	36,915,836	1,734,121	-	38,649,957
Total capital assets, net	\$ 37,825,009	\$ 1,734,121	\$ 556,160	\$ 39,002,970

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2013

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the District as follows:

Instructional services:	
Regular programs	\$ 25,645
Special programs	34,140
Fiscal services	2,203
Internal services	1,416
Supporting services:	
Business	433,598
Operations and maintenance of facilities	1,039,470
Community services	19,509
Central	17,305
	\$ 1,573,286

### **NOTE 4. LONG-TERM DEBT**

Long-term debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2013 was as follows:

	Balance					Balance	
	July 1,					June 30,	Amount due
	2012	A	dditions	F	Reductions	2013	in one year
General Obligation Bonds Payable:							-
12/1/08 General Obligation Refunding	5				,		
School Bonds	\$ 1,780,000	\$	-	\$	305,000	\$ 1,475,000	\$ 315,000
11/1/01 School Bonds, Series 2001	11,160,000		-		1,855,000	9,305,000	1,960,000
Total Bonds Payable	12,940,000		-		2,160,000	10,780,000	2,275,000
Net OPEB Obligation	1,578,671		311,749		-	1,890,420	-
Premium on Bonds Issued	268,736		-		92,031	176,705	-
Compensated Absences	342,622		414,824		409,351	348,095	348,095
Net Pension Obligation - IMRF	228,348		33,001		-	261,349	-
Total Long-Term Debt	\$ 15,358,377	\$	759,574	\$	2,661,382	\$ 13,456,569	\$ 2,623,095

### **General Obligation Bonds Payable**

General obligation bonds payable at June 30, 2013 are comprised of the following individual issues:

Series 2008 refunding bonds dated December 1, 2008 issued in the original principal amount of \$2,555,000 for the purpose of funding and refunding; principal payments from \$240,000 to \$405,000 due annually through 2016 at an interest rate of 4.00%.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2013

Series 2001 refunding bond dated November 1, 2001, issued in the original principal amount of \$17,065,000 for the purpose of funding and refunding; principal payments from \$1,320,000 to \$2,580,000 due annually from November 1, 2008 through 2016 at interest rates from 3.75% to 5.50%.

In prior years, the District defeased certain general obligation bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in irrevocable trusts to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the District's financial statements.

As of June 30, 2013, \$10,885,000 of bonds outstanding is considered defeased.

At June 30, 2013 the annual cash flow requirements of all bonds payable to retirement were as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Principal		Interest		Total	
2014	\$	2,275,000	\$	510,575	\$	2,785,575
2015		2,690,000		379,175		3,069,175
2016		2,830,000		233,037		3,063,037
2017		2,985,000		79,050		3,064,050
Total	\$	10,780,000	\$	1,201,837	\$	11,981,837

Payments to retire bonds payable will be made from debt service levies in future periods. There is \$3,458,030 of fund equity available in the Debt Service Fund to service outstanding bonds payable.

The District is subject to the *Illinois Compiled Statutes* which limits the amount of bond indebtedness, to 6.9% of the most recent available equalized assessed valuation of the District. As of June 30, 2013 the statutory debt limit for the District was \$117,659,918 providing a debt margin of \$110,337,948 after taking into account amounts available in the Debt Service Fund.

# NOTE 5. JOINT VENTURE - FEDERATION OF DISTRICTS FOR SPECIAL EDUCATION (FDSE)

The District is a member of various joint agreements that provide special education services residents of many school districts. The District believes that because it does not control the selection of the governing authority and because of the control over employment of management personnel, operations, scope of public service, and special financing relationships exercised by the joint agreement governing boards, these are not included as component units of the District.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2013

### NOTE 6. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is a member of Collective Liability Insurance Cooperative (CLIC), which has been formed to provide casualty, workman's compensation, property and liability protections and to administer some or all insurance coverages and protection other than health, life and accident coverages procured by the member districts. It is intended, by the creation of CLIC to allow a member District to equalize annual fluctuations in insurance costs by establishing a program whereby reserves may be created and temporary deficits of individual Districts covered and to ultimately equalize the risks and stabilize the costs of providing casualty, property and liability protections. If, during any fiscal year, the funds on hand in the account of CLIC are not sufficient to pay expenses of administration, the Board of Directors shall require supplementary payment from all members. Such payment shall be made in the same proportion as prior payments during that year to CLIC. Complete financial statements for CLIC can be obtained from its administrator, 1441 Lake Street, Libertyville, IL 60048.

The District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss, including health insurance. Premiums have been recorded as expenditures in the appropriate funds. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior years. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverages in any of the past three fiscal years.

### NOTE 7. RETIREMENT FUND COMMITMENTS

### **Teacher Health Insurance Security (THIS)**

The District participates in the Teacher Health Insurance Security (THIS) Fund, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan that was established by the Illinois legislature for the benefit of retired Illinois public school teachers employed outside the city of Chicago. The THIS Fund provides medical, prescription, and behavioral health benefits, but it does not provide vision, dental or life insurance benefits to annuitants of the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). Annuitants may participate in the state administered participating provider option plan or choose from several managed care options.

The State Employees Group Insurance Act of 1971 (5 ILCS 375) outlines the benefit provisions of THIS Fund and amendments to the plan can be made only by legislative action with the Governor's approval. Effective July 1, 2012, in accordance with Executive Order 12-01, the plan is administered by the Illinois Department of Central Management Services (CMS) with the cooperation of TRS. Section 6.6 of the State Employees Group Insurance Act of 1971 requires all active contributors to the TRS who are not employees of the state to make a contribution to THIS Fund.

The percentage of employer required contributions in the future will be determined by the director of Healthcare and Family Services and will not exceed 105 percent of the percentage of salary actually required to be paid in the paid in the previous fiscal year.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2013

On Behalf Contributions to THIS Fund. The state of Illinois makes employer retiree health insurance contributions on behalf of the District. State contributions are intended to match contributions to THIS Fund from active members which were 0.92 percent of pay during the year ended June 30, 2013. State of Illinois contributions were \$323,298, and the district recognized revenue and expenditures of this amount during the year.

State contributions intended to match active member contributions during the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 were 0.88 percent of pay, both years. State contributions on behalf of district employees were \$300,380, and \$288,693, respectively.

Employer contributions to THIS Fund. The District also makes contributions to THIS Fund. The District THIS Fund contribution was 0.69 percent during the year ended June 30, 2013, and 0.66 and 0.63 percent during the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. For the year ended June 30, 2013, the District paid \$242,474 to the THIS Fund. For the years ended June 30, 2012 and June 30, 2011, the District paid \$225,285 and \$216,520 to the THIS Fund, respectively, which was 100 percent of the required contribution.

Further Information on THIS Fund. The publicly available financial report of the THIS Fund may be found on the website of the Illinois Auditor General: <a href="http://www.auditor.illinois.gov/Audit-Reports/ABC-List.asp">http://www.auditor.illinois.gov/Audit-Reports/ABC-List.asp</a>. The 2013 report is listed under "Central Management Services." Prior reports are available under "Healthcare and Family Services."

#### Retirees' Health Plan

The District administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan ("the Retirees' Health Plan"). The plan provides healthcare benefits for eligible retirees and, in some cases, their dependents through the District's group health insurance plan, which covers both active and retired members. Benefit provisions are established through collective bargaining agreements. Noncertified retirees and their dependents may continue coverage under the District group health insurance program until age 65 by contributing the monthly premium. Certified retirees are reimbursed for the full single monthly contribution required for the medical coverage sponsored by the Illinois Teachers' Retirement System. Coverage for certified retirees terminates when the retiree becomes eligible for Medicare benefits or reaches age 65. The Retirees' Health Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

The District's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the District's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the Retirees' Health Plan, and changes in the District's net OPEB obligation to the Retirees' Health Plan:

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2013

	June 30, 2012		Jui	ne 30, 2013
Annual Required Contribution	\$	565,126	\$	563,419
Interest on net OPEB Obligations		58,985		78,934
Adjustment to annual required contribution		(73,086)		(97,805)
Total Annual OPEB Cost		551,025		544,548
Contributions made by the District		(152,048)		(232,799)
Increase in net OPEB obligation		398,977		311,749
Net OPEB obligation - Beginning of Year		1,179,694		1,578,671
Net OPEB obligation - End of Year	\$	1,578,671	\$	1,890,420

The District's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the Retirees' Health Plan, and the net OPEB obligation for June 30, 2013 and the preceding year are as follows:

	Percentage						
		Annual	of Annual		Net OPEB		
Fiscal		OPEB	<b>OPEB</b> Cost	Obligation			
Year Ending	_	Cost	Contributed		(Asset)		
June 30, 2012	\$	551,025	27.6%	\$	1,578,671		
June 30, 2013	\$	544,548	47.8%	\$	1,890,420		

The funded status of the Retirees' Health Plan as of June 30, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation date, is as follows:

	2013
Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	4,734,856
Actuarial value of plan assets	-
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	4,734,856
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	0%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	32,715,676
UALL as a percentage of covered payroll	14.5%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates for the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2013

information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets in increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan is understood by the employer and plan members) and include the type of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the June 30, 2013 actuarial valuation, the entry age actuarial cost method was used. Under this method a normal cost is developed by spreading the actuarial value of benefits expected to be received by each active participant over the total working lifetime of that participant, from hire to termination, as a level percentage of pay. To the extent that current assets and future normal costs do not support participants' expected future benefit, an Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability develops and is amortized over a defined period of time. The actuarial assumptions include a 5 percent investment rate of return and a 3.5% per year salary progression.

#### **Retirement Plans**

The District participates in two retirement systems: The Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois (TRS) and the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF). Members of TRS consist of all active nonannuitants who are employed by a TRS-covered employer to provide services for which teacher certification is required. Employees, other than teachers, who meet prescribed annual hourly standards, are members of IMRF.

#### Illinois Teachers' Retirement System

The District participates in the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois (TRS). TRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that was created by the Illinois legislature for the benefit of Illinois public school teachers employed outside the city of Chicago. The Illinois Pension Code outlines the benefit provisions of TRS, and amendments to the plan can be made only by legislative action with the Governor's approval. The State of Illinois maintains primary responsibility for funding the plan, but contributions from participating employers and members are also required. The TRS Board of Trustees is responsible for the System's administration.

TRS members include all active nonannuitants who are employed by a TRS-covered employer to provide services for which teacher certification is required. The active member contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2013, was 9.4 percent of creditable earnings. The same contribution rate applies to members whose first contributing service is on or after June 30, 2012, the effective date of the benefit changes contained in Public Act 96-0889. These contributions, which may be paid on behalf of employees by the employer, are submitted to TRS by the employer. The active member contribution rate was also 9.4 percent for the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2013

The State of Illinois makes contributions directly to TRS on behalf of the District's TRS-covered employees.

On-behalf contributions. The state of Illinois makes employer pension contributions on behalf of the District. For the year ended June 30, 2013, state of Illinois contributions were based on 28.05 percent of creditable earnings not paid from federal funds, and the District recognized revenue and expenditures of \$9,824,711 in pension contributions that the state of Illinois paid directly to TRS. For the years ended June 30, 2012, and June 30, 2011, the state of Illinois contribution rates as percentages of creditable earnings not paid from federal funds were 24.91 percent (\$8,467,342) and 23.10 percent (\$7,515,185), respectively.

The District makes other types of employer contributions directly to TRS.

**2.2 Formula Contributions.** Employers contribute 0.58 percent of creditable earnings for the 2.2 formula change. This rate is specified by statute. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2013 were \$203,818. Contributions for the years ending June 30, 2012, and June 30, 2011, were \$197,978 and \$190,275, respectively.

Federal and special trust fund contributions. When TRS members are paid from federal and special trust funds administered by the district, there is a statutory requirement for the district to pay an employer pension contribution from those funds. Under a policy adopted by the TRS Board of Trustees that was first effective for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, employer contributions for employees paid from federal and special trust funds will be the same as the state contribution rate to TRS.

For the year ended June 30, 2013, the employer pension contribution was 28.05 percent of salaries paid from federal and special trust funds. For the year ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 the employer contribution was 24.91 and 23.10 percent of salaries paid from federal and special trust funds, respectively. For the year ended June 30, 2013, salaries totaling \$115,396 were paid from federal and special trust funds that required employer contributions of \$32,369. For the years ended June 30, 2012 and June 30, 2011, required district contributions were \$35,450 and \$63,004, respectively.

Early Retirement Option (ERO). The district is also required to make one-time employer contributions to TRS for members retiring under the Early Retirement Option (ERO). The payments vary depending on the age and salary of the member.

The maximum employer ERO contribution under the current program is 117.5 percent and applies when the member is age 55 at retirement.

For the year ended June 30, 2013, the district paid \$0 to TRS for employer contributions under the ERO program. For the years ended June 30, 2012 and June 30, 2011, the district made \$79,866 and \$289,616, to TRS for employer ERO contributions, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2013

#### Salary increases over 6 percent and excess sick leave.

If an employer grants salary increases over 6 percent and those salaries are used to calculate a retiree's final average salary, the employer makes a contribution to TRS. The contribution will cover the difference in actuarial cost of the benefit based on actual salary increases and the benefit based on salary increases of up to 6 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2013, the District paid \$25,319 to TRS for employer contributions due on salary increases in excess of 6 percent. For the year ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, the District made payments of \$18,601 and \$40,896 in employer contributions due on salary increases in excess of 6 percent, respectively.

If an employer grants sick leave days in excess of the normal annual allotment and those days are used as TRS service credit, the employer makes a contribution to TRS. The contribution is based on the number of excess sick leave days used as service credit, the highest salary rate reported by the granting employer during the four-year sick leave review period, and the TRS total normal cost rate (17.63 percent of salary during the year ended June 30, 2013).

For the year ended June 30, 2013, the District paid \$2,122 to TRS for sick leave days granted in the excess of the normal annual allotment. For the year ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, the District made payments of \$6,923 and \$9,419, respectively in employer contributions granted for sick leave days.

TRS financial information, an explanation of TRS benefits, and descriptions of member, employer and state funding requirements can be found in the TRS *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report* for the year ended June 30, 2012. The report for the year ended June 30, 2013, is expected to be available in late 2013. The reports may be obtained by writing to the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois, 2815 West Washington Street, P.O. Box 19253, Springfield, IL 62794-9253. The most current report is also available on the TRS Web site at <a href="http://www.trs.illinois.gov">http://www.trs.illinois.gov</a>.

#### Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund:

Plan Description. The district's defined benefit pension plan for Regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, post retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The district plan is affiliated with the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), and agent multiple-employer plan. Benefit provisions are established by statue and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained online at <a href="https://www.imrf.org">www.imrf.org</a>.

Funding Policy. As set by statute, your district Regular plan members are required to contribute 4.50 percent of their annual covered salary. The statute requires districts to contribute the amount

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2013

necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The district contribution rate for calendar year 2012 used by the district was 12.95 percent of annual covered payroll. The district annual required contribution rate for calendar year 2012 was 13.37 percent. The district also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by the IMRF Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

Annual Pension Cost. For calendar year ending December 31, 2012, the districts actual contributions for pension cost for the Regular were \$1,017,505. Its required contribution for calendar year 2012 was \$1,050,506.

Three-Year Trend Information for the Regular Plan

Calendar	Annual Pension		Percentage of APC	Net Pension		
Year Ending	Cost (APC)		Contributed	Obligation		
12/31/2012	\$	1,050,506	97%	\$	261,349	
12/31/2011		1,016,769	90%		228,348	
12/31/2010		894,250	86%		123,590	

The required contribution for 2012 was determined as part of the December 31, 2010, actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions at December 31, 2010, included (a) 7.5 percent investment rate of return (net of administrative and direct investment expenses), (b) projected salary increases of 4.00% a year, attributable to inflation, (c) additional projected salary increases ranging from 0.4% to 10% per year depending on age and service, attributable to seniority/merit, and (d) post retirement benefit increases of 3% annually. The actuarial value of your district Regular plan assets was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period with a 20% corridor between the actuarial and market value of assets. The district Regular plan's unfunded actuarial accrued at December 31, 2010 is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open 30 year basis.

Funded Status and Funding Progress. As of December 31, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the Regular plan was 61.46 percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$18,187,351 and the actuarial value of assets was \$11,177,577, resulting in an underfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$7,009,774. The covered payroll for calendar year 2012 (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$7,857,184 and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 89 percent.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as RSI following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2013

### NOTE 8. COLLECTIVE LIABILITY INSURANCE COOPERATIVE (CLIC)

The District is a member of CLIC, which has been formed to provide casualty, workman's compensation, property and liability protections and to administer some or all insurance coverages and protection other than health, life and accident coverages procured by the member districts. It is intended, by the creation of CLIC to allow a member District to equalize annual fluctuations in insurance costs by establishing a program whereby reserves may be created and temporary deficits of individual Districts covered and to ultimately equalize the risks and stabilize the costs of providing casualty, property and liability protections. If, during any fiscal year, the funds on hand in the account of CLIC are not sufficient to pay expenses of administration, the Board of Directors shall require supplementary payment from all members. Such payment shall be made in the same proportion as prior payments during that year to CLIC. Complete financial statements for CLIC can be obtained from its administrator, 1441 Lake Street, Libertyville, IL 60048.

### NOTE 9. EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER BUDGETS IN INDIVIDUAL FUNDS

Expenditures exceeded the budgeted amount in the following Funds:

	Budget		Actual	Excess	
Municipal Retirement Fund	\$	2,302,684	\$ 2,326,053	\$	23,369

The expenditure variance was sufficiently absorbed by surpluses that existed at the beginning of the fiscal year and were approved by the Board of Education. Under the State Budget Act expenditures may exceed the budget if additional resources are available to finance such expenditures.

### NOTE 10. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

The following interfund transfers were made during the year ended June 30, 2013:

Transfer From	Transfer To	Amo	unt
General Fund - Working Cash Amount	General Fund - Education Account	\$	171,954
General Fund - Operations & Maintenance			
Account	Capital Projects Fund		3,500,000
General Fund - Education Account	Capital Projects Fund		2,000,000
Debt Service Fund	General Fund - Education Account		12,705
	Total Transfers	\$	5,684,659

Transfers to the General Fund were for transfers of investment income. Transfers from the General Fund to the Capital Projects Fund were to provide funds for capital expenditures.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2013

### NOTE 11. FUND BALANCE REPORTING

According to Government Accounting Standards, fund balances are to be classified into five major classifications; Nonspendable Fund Balance, Restricted Fund Balance, Committed Fund Balance, Assigned Fund Balance, and Unassigned Fund Balance.

### A. Nonspendable Fund Balance

The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example inventories and prepaid amounts.

#### B. Restricted Fund Balance

The restricted fund balance classification refers to amounts that are subject to outside restrictions, not controlled by the entity. Things such as restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Special Revenue Funds are by definition restricted for those specified purposes. The District has several revenue sources received within different funds that also fall into these categories —

#### 1. Special Education

Revenues received and the related expenditures of this restricted tax levy are accounted for in the Educational Account. Expenditures exceeded revenue for this purpose, resulting in no restricted fund balance.

#### 2. Tort Immunity Account

Expenditures disbursed and the related revenues received are accounted for in the Tort Immunity Account. Revenues received exceeded expenditures disbursed for this purpose, resulting in a restricted fund balance of \$1,610,622.

#### 3. State and Federal Grants

Proceeds from state and federal grants and the related expenditures have been included in the General Fund and various Special Revenue Funds. At June 30, 2013, expenditures exceeded revenue from state and federal grants, resulting in no restricted balances.

### 4. Social Security

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2013

Expenditures and the related revenues of this restricted tax levy are accounted for in the Municipal Retirement/Social Security Fund. Revenues received exceeded expenditures for this purpose, resulting in a restricted fund balance \$517,885. The remaining balance is restricted for Municipal Retirement purposes.

### 5. Capital Projects Funds

Expenditures and the related revenues received are accounted for in the Capital Projects Fund. All equity within this fund is restricted for the associated capital expenditures within this fund.

#### C. Committed Fund Balance

The committed fund balance classification refers to amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision making authority (the School Board). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of formal action it employed to previously commit those amounts.

No committed balances existed as of June 30, 2013.

### D. Assigned Fund Balance

The assigned fund balance classification refers to the amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted or committed. Intent should be expressed by (a) the governing body itself or (b) a body (a budget or finance committee, for example) or official to which the governing body has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.

No assigned balances existed as of June 30, 2013.

### E. Unassigned Fund Balance

The unassigned fund balance classification is the residual classification for amounts in the General Operating Funds for amounts that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Funds.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2013

### F. Reconciliation of Fund Balance Reporting

Fund	Nonspe	endable	Re	stricted	Con	nmitted	As	signed	Unassigned
Educational	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 22,976,093
Operations & Maintenance				-		-		· -	(1,525,207)
Debt Service		~	3	3,458,030°		-		_	-
Transportation		-	3	3,182,729		- "		-	-
Municipal Retirement		<del>.</del>	1	,294,712		<del>-</del> .		-	-
Capital Projects			4	,888,363		-		-	-
Working Cash		-		-		-		_	13,851,483
Tort Liability		-	1	,610,622				<del>-</del>	
	\$	-	\$ 14	1,434,456	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	_	\$ 35,302,369

### G. Expenditures of Fund Balance

Unless specifically identified, expenditures disbursed act to reduce restricted balances first, then committed balances, next assigned balances, and finally act to reduce unassigned balances. Expenditures disbursed for a specifically identified purpose will act to reduce the specific classification of fund balance that is identified.

### NOTE 12. DEFICIT FUND BALANCES

At June 30, 2013 the General Fund's Operations and Maintenance Account had a deficit fund balance of \$1,525,207.

### NOTE 13. STATE AND FEDERAL AID CONTINGENCIES

The District has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursements to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grants. Management believes such disallowances, if any would be immaterial.

Notes to Financial Statements (concluded)
June 30, 2013

### NOTE 14. STATE OF ILLINOIS FUNDING

The District receives approximately 15% of its' annual revenue from the State of Illinois ('the state'). Published reports have indicated that the state is experiencing financial difficulties which have led to delays in the state's funding of certain grant programs to Illinois school districts. Included in District receivables at June 30, 2013 is \$692,531 of amounts the state has acknowledged as due the District in past due grants funds. The entire balance of \$692,531 was received by August 31, 2013 and recognized as revenue in fiscal year ending June 30, 2013.

### NOTE 15. COMMITMENTS

As of June 30, 2013, the District was committed to approximately \$3,100,000 in ongoing construction contracts.

### NOTE 16. INTERFUND LOANS

As of June 30, 2013, the General Fund's Working Cash Account was due \$1,453,109 from the General Fund's Operation & Maintenance Account. This amount is expected to be repaid in fiscal year 2014.

Schedule of Funding Progress Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund June 30, 2013

	•	Actuarial				UAAL as a
	Actuarial	Accrued	Unfunded			Percentage
Actuarial	Value of	Liability (AAL)	AAL	Funded	Covered	of Covered
Valuation	Assets	Entry Age	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
Date	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	[(b-a)/c]
12/31/2012	11,177,577	18,187,351	7,009,774	61.46%	7,857,184	89.21%
12/31/2011	11,520,892	18,481,649	6,960,757	62.34%	7,702,793	90.37%
12/31/2010	12,074,169	18,043,050	5,968,881	66.92%	7,102,856	84.03%

On the market value basis, the actuarial value of assets as of December 31, 2012 is \$11,729,634. On a market basis, the funded ratio would be 64.49%.

The actuarial value of assets and accrued liability cover active and inactive members who have service credit with Park Ridge SD 64. The do not include amounts for retirees. The actuarial accrued liability for retirees is 100% funded.

Schedule of Funding Progress (Unaudited)
Other Postemployment Benefits
June 30, 2013

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) –Entry Age (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)
June 30, 2009	\$ 0.00	\$4,424,147	\$4,424,147	0.00%
June 30, 2010	0.00	4,761,869	4,761,869	0.00%
June 30, 2011	0.00	4,802,303	4,802,303	0.00%
June 30, 2012	0.00	5,171,355	5,171,355	0.00%
June 30, 2013	0.00	4,734,856	4,734,856	0.00%

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

		والمرافع والم والمرافع والمرافع والمرافع والمرافع والمرافع والمرافع والمراف											
	General												
		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	· ·	Variance Over/ (Under)					
REVENUES			-					(550,000)					
Local sources	\$	59,408,393	\$	60,406,250	\$	59,755,327	\$	(650,923)					
State sources		12,812,017		12,762,214		14,120,276		1,358,062					
Federal sources		1,766,627		1,801,669		1,383,628		(418,041)					
Total Revenues		73,987,037		74,970,133		75,259,231		289,098					
EXPENDITURES													
Current operating:													
Instruction		46,032,982		48,068,355		48,386,094		(317,739)					
Support services		20,553,913		20,723,952		19,026,718		1,697,234					
Community services		1,085,243		958,114		867,549		90,565					
Payments to other districts		1,157,000		1,157,000		890,622		266,378					
Contingencies		877,226		<del></del>				<del>-</del>					
Total Expenditures		69,706,364		70,907,421		69,170,983		1,736,438					
Excess of revenues over expenditures		4,280,673		4,062,712		6,088,248		2,025,536					
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (US	SES)					•							
Transfers In	,	249,361		249,361		184,659		(64,702)					
Transfers Out		(240,100)		(240,100)	. <u></u>	(5,671,954)		(5,431,854)					
Total other financing uses		9,261		9,261		(5,487,295)		(5,496,556)					
Net changes in fund balance	\$	4,289,934	\$	4,071,973	:	600,953	\$	(3,471,020)					
Fund balances at beginning of year						36,312,038							
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR	R				\$_	36,912,991							

Notes to Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedules June 30, 2013

### BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

Annual budgets for all Governmental Funds are adopted on the modified accrual basis, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for local governments. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the Governmental Funds. All encumbrances are canceled at year end, and, if necessary, are reinstated at the beginning of the subsequent fiscal year.

Legal spending control for District moneys is at the fund level, but management control is exercised at budgetary line item levels within each fund. The Board of Education, in accordance with Chapter 105, Section 5/17-1 of the *Illinois Compiled Statutes*, follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The Administration submits to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted and the proposed budget is available for inspection to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to September 30 the budget is legally adopted through passage of a resolution. On or before the last Tuesday in December, a tax levy ordinance is filed with the County Clerk to obtain tax revenues.
- 4. The Superintendent is authorized to transfer up to 10% of the total budget between departments within any fund without Board of Education approval; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Board of Education following the public hearing process mandated by law. The budget was adopted on September 10, 2012 and amended on April 22, 2013.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the Governmental Funds.
- 6. The District has adopted a legal budget for all its Governmental Funds. Total actual expenditures for the governmental funds may not legally exceed the total budgeted for such funds. However, under the State Budget Act expenditures may exceed the budget if additional resources are available to finance such expenditures.
- 7. The budget (all appropriations) lapses at the end of each fiscal year.

### GENERAL FUND BALANCE SHEET BY ACCOUNT JUNE 30, 2013

	Educational	Operations and Maintenance	Working Cash	Tort and Immunity	Total General
<u>ASSETS</u>	Extucational		Casii		General
Cash and investments	\$ 28,268,049	\$ 3,578	\$ 12,212,253	\$ 1,605,639	\$ 42,089,519
Receivables:					
Property taxes	23,393,033	4,014,653	195,495	290,669	27,893,850
Due from other governments	761,490	8,988	-	-	770,478
Other receivables	127,299	~	101,207	4,766	233,272
Due from other funds	-	-	1,453,109		1,453,109
Other current assets	453,683		84,914	217	538,814
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 53,003,554	\$ 4,027,219	\$ 14,046,978	\$ 1,901,291	\$ 72,979,042
Liahilities:					
Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$ 375,176	\$ 84,664	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 459,840
Accounts payable	\$ 375,176 -	\$ 84,664 1,453,109	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 459,840 1,453,109
Accounts payable Due to other funds	\$ 375,176		\$ -	\$ -	- · <b>,</b> - ·
Accounts payable Due to other funds	\$ 375,176 - 6,259,252		\$ - -	\$ -	1,453,10
Accounts payable Due to other funds Accrued salaries and related expenditures	-		\$ - - 195,495	\$ 290,669	1,453,109 6,259,252
Accounts payable Due to other funds Accrued salaries and related expenditures	6,259,252	1,453,109	-	-	1,453,10 6,259,25 27,893,85
Accounts payable Due to other funds Accrued salaries and related expenditures Deferred revenue  Total Liabilities	6,259,252 23,393,033	1,453,109	195,495	290,669	1,453,100 6,259,250 27,893,850
Accounts payable Due to other funds Accrued salaries and related expenditures Deferred revenue  Total Liabilities	6,259,252 23,393,033	1,453,109	195,495	290,669	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Accounts payable Due to other funds Accrued salaries and related expenditures Deferred revenue  Total Liabilities  Fund Balances:	6,259,252 23,393,033	1,453,109	195,495	290,669 290,669	1,453,100 6,259,250 27,893,850 36,066,05
Accounts payable Due to other funds Accrued salaries and related expenditures Deferred revenue  Total Liabilities  Fund Balances: Restricted	6,259,252 23,393,033 30,027,461	1,453,109 4,014,653 5,552,426	195,495 195,495	290,669 290,669	1,453,10 6,259,25 27,893,85 36,066,05
Accounts payable Due to other funds Accrued salaries and related expenditures Deferred revenue  Total Liabilities  Fund Balances: Restricted Unassigned	6,259,252 23,393,033 30,027,461 - 22,976,093	1,453,109 4,014,653 5,552,426 (1,525,207)	195,495 195,495 13,851,483 13,851,483	290,669 290,669 1,610,622	1,453,10 6,259,25 27,893,85 36,066,05 1,610,62 35,302,36

### GENERAL FUND

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BY ACCOUNT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Educational	Operations and Maintenance	Working Cash	Tort and Immunity	Total General
REVENUES					
Local sources	\$ 50,319,753	\$ 8,374,428	\$ 420,146	\$ 641,000	\$ 59,755,327
State sources	14,120,276	-	- 120,110	-	14,120,276
Federal sources (refunds)	1,383,634	(6)	<u>-</u>	<del>-</del>	1,383,628
Total Revenues	65,823,663	8,374,422	420,146	641,000	75,259,231
EXPENDITURES					
Current operating:					
Instruction	48,386,094	-	-	-	48,386,094
Support services	13,217,382	5,195,556	-	613,780	19,026,718
Community services	867,549	-	-	-	867,549
Payments to other districts	890,622				890,622
Total Expenditures	63,361,647	5,195,556	-	613,780	69,170,983
Excess of revenues over expenditures	2,462,016	3,178,866	420,146	27,220	6,088,248
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (U	SES)				
Transfers in	184,659	<u>-</u>	_	_	184,659
Transfers out	(2,000,000)	(3,500,000)	(171,954)		(5,671,954)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,815,341)	(3,500,000)	(171,954)	<del>-</del> _	(5,487,295)
Net changes in fund balance	646,675	(321,134)	248,192	27,220	600,953
Fund balances at beginning of year	22,329,418	(1,204,073)	13,603,291	1,583,402	36,312,038
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) AT END OF YEAR	\$22,976,093	\$ (1,525,207)	\$13,851,483	\$ 1,610,622	\$ 36,912,991

### **EDUCATIONAL ACCOUNT**

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		2013		
	Final		Variance	2012
	Budget	Actual	over/under	Actual
REVENUES				
Local Sources:			,	A 40 050 455
General tax levy	\$ 45,056,103	\$ 44,910,597	\$ (145,506)	\$ 42,850,413
Special education levy	517,050	449,468	(67,582)	499,279
Corporate replacement taxes	942,699	1,034,473	91,774	996,402
Tuition	233,077	299,435	66,358	223,028
Earnings on investments	221,526	(8,268)	(229,794)	296,252
Food services	485,476	509,509	24,033	978,353
Pupil activities	60,549	62,330	1,781	60,081
Textbooks	931,847	919,496	(12,351)	931,847
Contributions and donations	1,150	3,666	2,516	450
Payments of surplus monies from TIF districs	636,329	636,329	-	650,640
Payment from other LEA's	474,376	474,376	-	156,397
Othe	911,054	1,028,342	117,288	816,458
Total Local Sources	50,471,236	50,319,753	(151,483)	48,459,600
State Sources:				
General state aid	1,353,000	1,361,764	8,764	1,503,055
Bilingual education	2,164	77	(2,087)	2,651
Special education	2,195,871	2,605,936	410,065	2,172,707
School lunch aid	1,750	1,169	(581)	1,908
On behalf payments to TRS from the state	9,206,108	10,148,009	941,901	8,767,722
Other grants-in-aid	3,321	3,321		3,863
Total State Sources	12,762,214	14,120,276	1,358,062	12,451,906
Federal Sources:		• *		
National school lunch program	49,639	39,054	(10,585)	47,109
Preschool flow through	17,926	20,603	2,677	-77,102
IDEA	1,147,000	1,065,906	(81,094)	788,731
Medicaid matching	214,281	186,509	(27,772)	226,585
Title II - teacher quality	74,975	70,380	(4,595)	83,674
ARRA funding	71,575	70,500	(1,575)	2,204
Other	1,182	1,182	<u> </u>	(15,537)
Total Federal Sources	1,505,003	1,383,634	(121,369)	1,132,766
Total Revenues	\$ 64,738,453	\$ 65,823,663	\$ 1,085,210	\$ 62,044,272

### EDUCATIONAL ACCOUNT

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	<del> </del>		_		
	Final		Variance	2012	
	Budget	Actual	over/under	Actual	
EXPENDITURES				-	
Current operating:					
Instruction:					
Regular programs:					
Salaries	\$ 23,544,517	\$ 23,692,705	\$ (148,188)	\$ 22,079,058	
Employee benefits	2,801,177	2,554,437	246,740	2,626,778	
On-behalf payments to TRS from the state	9,206,108	10,148,009	(941,901)	8,767,722	
Purchased services	457,837	58,330	399,507	42,198	
Supplies and materials	1,397,448	1,179,799	217,649	1,221,027	
Capital outlay	86,000	86,572	(572)	79,999	
Other	1,500	1,316	184	590	
Total	37,494,587	37,721,168	(226,581)	34,817,372	
Special programs:					
Salaries	5,917,907	5,946,499	(28,592)	5,650,122	
Employee benefits	930,284	901,759	28,525	871,260	
Purchased services	54,051	66,252	(12,201)	45,700	
Supplies and materials	81,303	72,979	8,324	117,946	
Capital outlay	11,000	1,495	9,505	1,082	
Total	6,994,545	6,988,984	5,561	6,686,110	
Special programs pre-k:					
Salaries	535,304	568,017	(32,713)	530,944	
Employee benefits	55,444	58,276	(2,832)		
Supplies and materials	8,281	10,577	(2,296)		
••	599,029	636,870	(37,841)	591,425	
	377,027	030,870	(37,041)		
Remedial and supplemental programs K-12			/n= 1==1		
Salaries	-	93,122	(93,122)		
		17 (70	(17,679)	۱	
Employee benefits	· -	17,679	(17,079	<del> </del>	

### EDUCATIONAL ACCOUNT

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

				2013				
		Final				'ariance		2012
Tare district		Budget		Actual	OV	er/under		Actual
Interscholastic programs: Salaries	\$	110,970	\$	85,159	\$	25,811	\$	110,578
Employee benefits	Ψ	1,545	Ψ	1,034	Ψ	511	Ψ	1,494
Purchased services		6,978		7,820		(842)		6,978
Supplies and materials		4,215		3,860		355		4,215
Other		2,400		2,292		108		1,550
Total		126,108		100,165		25,943		124,815
Summer school:								
Salaries		157,649		194,442		(36,793)		180,137
Employee benefits		1,384		1,848		(464)		1,705
Purchased services		7,937		7,972		(35)		7,307
Supplies and materials		9,593		9,765		(172)		9,593
Total		176,563		214,027		(37,464)		198,742
Gifted programs:								
Salaries		1,122,759		951,720		171,039		1,115,561
Employee benefits		145,710		116,425		29,285		137,139
Purchased services		1,904		-		1,904		1,904
Supplies and materials		6,759		5,271		1,488		6,760
Total		1,277,132		1,073,416		203,716		1,261,364
Bilingual:								
Salaries		434,305		389,815		44,490		425,753
Employee benefits		53,618		45,919		7,699		50,426
Purchased services		882		728		154		882
Supplies and materials		1,586		14,159		(12,573)		1,586
Total		490,391		450,621		39,770		478,647
•	ion							
Special education programs K-12- private tuit	JUL							
Special education programs K-12- private tuit Other objects		910,000		1,090,042		(180,042)		937,973
. , .		910,000		1,090,042		(180,042)		937,973

### EDUCATIONAL ACCOUNT

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		2013		
	Final		Variance	2012
	Budget	Actual	over/under	Actual
Support Services:				
Pupils:				
Attendance and social work:				
Salaries	\$ 926,591	\$ 920,086	\$ 6,505	\$ 918,902
Employee benefits	107,677	101,617	6,060	118,198
Supplies and materials	315	57	258	314
Total	1,034,583	1,021,760	12,823	1,037,414
Guidance services:				
Salaries	133,166	143,553	(10,387)	132,061
Employee benefits	9,767	9,927	(160)	9,202
Supplies and materials	2,118	1,770	348	2,118
Total	145,051	155,250	(10,199)	143,381
Health services:				
Salaries	831,141	821,386	9,755	460,512
Employee benefits	61,279	119,266	(57,987)	57,588
Purchased services	17,319	33,262	(15,943)	8,068
Supplies and materials	7,652	7,631	21	7,651
Capital outlay	1,550		1,550	
Total	918,941	981,545_	(62,604)	533,819
Psychological services:				
Salaries	457,423	446,151	11,272	381,296
Employee benefits	16,916	32,422	(15,506)	14,502
Purchased services	10,339	5,063	5,276	10,339
Supplies and materials	6,942	7,230	(288)	6,942
Other	525	700	(175)	525
Total	492,145	491,566	579	413,604
Speech pathology and audiology services:				
Salaries	1,263,696	1,241,527	22,169	1,252,657
Employee benefits	150,260	151,611	(1,351)	141,236
Purchased services	1,800	113	1,687	1,800
Supplies and materials	1,626	959	667	1,626
Total	\$ 1,417,382	\$ 1,394,210	\$ 23,172	\$ 1,397,319

### EDUCATIONAL ACCOUNT

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

				2013				
	Final Budget Actual				Variance over/under		2012 Actual	
Instructional staff:		Duagot		7 Tottati		- CIT GITGOT		7 101441
Improvement of instruction services:								
Salaries	\$	537,588	\$	456,627	\$	80,961	\$	543,302
Employee benefits		65,628		67,865		(2,237)		61,994
Purchased services		189,877		173,829		16,048		190,399
Supplies and materials		30,527		57,006		(26,479)		32,014
Other		800		600		200		1,100
Total		824,420		755,927		68,493		828,809
Education media:								
Salaries		930,941		676,227		254,714		919,710
Employee benefits		137,835		85,884		51,951		126,188
Purchased services		40,860		49,835		(8,975)		=
Supplies and materials		143,925		97,558		46,367		144,925
Total		1,253,561		909,504		344,057		1,190,823
Assessment and Testing:								
Purchased services		11,924		26,121		(14,197)		-
Total		11,924		26,121		(14,197)		-
General administration:	•							
Board of education:								
Salaries		180,283		6,622		173,661		3,403
Employee Benefits		865,901		703,451		162,450		642,744
Purchased services		221,256		212,529		8,727		214,264
Supplies and materials		1,329		507		822		1,328
Other		16,000		11,658		4,342		11,404
Total		1,284,769		934,767		350,002		873,143
Executive administration:								
Salaries		257,691		270,916		(13,225)		270,898
Employee benefits		40,085		37,471		2,614		34,022
Purchased services		5,739		8,456		(2,717)		6,027
Supplies and materials		441		742		(301)		441
Capital outlay		5,000		1,939		3,061		2,692
Other	<del></del>	3,000		2,690		310		2,796
Total	\$	311,956	\$	322,214	\$	(10,258)	\$	316,876

### EDUCATIONAL ACCOUNT

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

### YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL TOTALS FOR 2012

	 · ···· = · · ·	2013			4
	Final		٧	ariance	2012
	 Budget	 Actual	OV	er/under	 Actual
Special area administrative services:					
Salaries	\$ 251,787	\$ 257,482	\$	(5,695)	\$ 234,676
Employee benefits	58,353	57,605		748	51,204
Purchased services	 5,475	 2,655		2,820	 5,475
Total	 315,615	317,742		(2,127)	 291,355
School administration:					
Office of the principal:		2 22 6 40 5		(21.020)	0.011.510
Salaries	2,215,166	2,236,405		(21,239)	2,311,718
Employee benefits	504,594	442,039		62,555	447,999
Purchased services	41,482	42,586		(1,104)	39,832
Supplies and materials	 24,602	 22,244		2,358	 15,188
Total	 2,785,844	2,743,274		42,570	 2,814,737
Fiscal services:					
Salaries	626,029	586,922		39,107	619,302
Employee benefits	67,315	64,875		2,440	54,233
Purchased services	56,147	56,630		(483)	99,899
Supplies and materials	7,120	3,770		3,350	7,119
Capital outlay	6,000	-		6,000	3,643
Other	 90,000	 84,594		5,406	 80,522
Total	852,611	 796,791		55,820	 864,718
Pupil transportation services:			V		
Purchased services	 402	 402			 385
Total	 402	 402		<u>-</u>	 385
Food services:					
Purchased services	 571,676	 551,638		20,038	 541,390
Total	 571,676	 551,638		20,038	 541,390
Internal services:					2.000
Salaries	. 100	-		. 100	3,602
Employee benefits	4,186	61		4,125	4,638
Purchased services	254,412	295,292		(40,880)	275,920
	65,603	65,070		533	65,603
Supplies and materials	 	55,515			 

(Continued)

### EDUCATIONAL ACCOUNT

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

### YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL TOTALS FOR 2012

	2013							
		Final			ν	ariance	2012	
		Budget		Actual		er/under		Actual
* 0								
Information services: Salaries	\$	98,153	\$	103,583	\$	(5,430)	\$	98,329
Employee benefits	Ψ	289	φ	163	Ψ	126	φ	272
Purchased services		4,258		3,872		386		4,258
Capital outlay		4,000		-		4,000		
Total		106,700		107,618		(918)		102,859
						(/ - +/	_	
Staff services:								
Salaries		313,812		341,036		(27,224)		412,689
Employee benefits		52,023		58,715		(6,692)		46,340
Purchased services		59,976		62,431		(2,455)		41,037
Supplies and materials		1,353		1,077		276		353
Capital outlay		11,000		4,204		6,796		<u> </u>
Total		438,164		467,463		(29,299)		500,419
Data processing services:								
Salaries		1,147,020		573,700		573,320		890,233
Employee benefits		92,471		105,238		(12,767)		84,685
Purchased services		132,762		118,712		14,050		131,442
Supplies and materials		59,265		51,742		7,523		59,265
Capital outlay		45,000		29,775		15,225		87,671
Total		1,476,518		879,167		597,351		1,253,296
Total Support Services		14,566,463		13,217,382		1,349,081		13,454,110
Community services:								
Salaries		892,223		811,394		80,829		842,474
Employee benefits		8,034		8,105		(71)		8,659
Purchased services		17,847		18,619		(772)		21,033
Supplies and materials		37,010		29,431		7,579		37,742
Capital outlay		3,000		<u> </u>		3,000		<u>-</u>
Total Community Services	\$	958,114	\$	867,549	_\$_	90,565	_\$_	909,908

(Continued)

### EDUCATIONAL ACCOUNT

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

				-	<del></del>			
	Final Budget Actual				Variance over/under		2012 Actual	
Payments to other districts and governmental uni Payments for special education programs	its:	1,157,000	\$	890,622	\$	266,378	\$	1,945,647
Total		1,157,000		890,622		266,378		1,945,647
Total Expenditures		64,749,932		63,361,647		1,388,285		61,406,113
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(11,479)		2,462,016		2,473,495		638,159
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out		249,361		184,659 (2,000,000)		(64,702) (2,000,000)		251,702
Total other financing sources (uses)		249,361		(1,815,341)		(2,064,702)		251,702
Net changes in fund balance	_\$_	237,882		646,675	\$	408,793		889,861
Fund balance at beginning of year		_		22,329,418	. –			21,439,557
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR			_\$	22,976,093			\$	22,329,418

### OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE ACCOUNT

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

•	Final		Variance	2012
	Budget	Actual	over/under_	Actual
REVENUES				
Local Sources:	<b>.</b>		Φ (100.000)	<b># 7.000.00</b>
General tax levy	\$ 8,229,784	\$ 8,097,402	\$ (132,382)	\$ 7,930,995
Earnings on investments	1,800	3,762	1,962	1,747
Rentals	72,752	55,920	(16,832)	72,029
Donations	114,267	-	(114,267)	-
Other	101,500	217,344	115,844	283,602
Total Local Sources	8,520,103	8,374,428	(145,675)	8,288,373
Federal Sources:				
Other federal aid (refund)	296,666	(6)	(296,672)	(57,296)
Total Federal Sources	296,666	(6)	(296,672)	(57,296)
Total Revenues	8,816,769	8,374,422	(442,347)	8,231,077
EXPENDITURES				
Current operating:			•	
Support services:				
Facilities acquisition services:				
Purchased services		41,326	(41,326)	195,590
Total Facilities acquisition services		41,326	(41,326)	195,590
Operations and maintenance of				
Plant Services:				
Salaries	2,583,132	2,596,658	(13,526)	2,467,577
Employee benefits	399,406	392,878	6,528	375,134
Purchased services	1,180,533	1,012,334	168,199	894,375
Supplies and materials	1,036,900	847,601	189,299	1,001,738
Capital outlay	308,000	279,056	28,944	2,231,970
Non-capitalized equipment			<u> </u>	60
Total Operation and Maintenance				
of Plant Services	\$ 5,507,971	\$ 5,128,527	\$ 379,444	\$ 6,970,854

# OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE ACCOUNT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

			2013	3				
	Final Budget	<del></del> -	Actu	al		Variance over/under		2012 Actual
Other support services: Purchased services	\$	_	\$ 2:	5,703	\$	(25,703)	\$	20,714
Total Other support services			2.	5,703		(25,703)		20,714
Total Support Services	5,507,9	71	5,19	5,556		312,415		7,187,158
Excess of revenues over expenditures	3,308,7	798	3,17	8,866		(754,762)		1,043,919
OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>	(3,50	0,000)		3,500,000)		(3,000,000)
Total other financing uses		<u> </u>	(3,50	0,000)	(	3,500,000)		(3,000,000)
Net changes in fund balance	\$ 3,308,7	798	(32	1,134)	\$ (	4,254,762)	-	(1,956,081)
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year		_	(1,20	4,073)				752,008
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) AT END OF YEA	AR	<u>-</u>	\$ (1,52	5,207)				(1,204,073)

### WORKING CASH ACCOUNT

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

				2013	 <del></del>		
	Final Budget			Actual	Variance ver/under		2012 Actual
REVENUES							
Local Sources:							
General tax levy (refund)	\$	507,434	\$	448,596	\$ (58,838)	\$	268,433
Earnings on investments		240,100		(28,450)	(268,550)		245,146
•					 		
Total Local Sources		747,534		420,146	(327,388)		513,579
			-				
Total Revenues		747,534		420,146	(327,388)		513,579
Excess of revenues over expenditures		747,534		420,146	 (327,388)		513,579
OTHER FINANCING USES			-				
Transfers out		(240,100)		(171,954)	68,146		(240,091)
Net changes in fund balance		507,434		248,192	\$ (259,242)		273,488
Fund balance at beginning of year				13,603,291		<del></del>	13,329,803
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR			\$	13,851,483		_\$	13,603,291

### TORT IMMUNITY AND JUDGMENT ACCOUNT

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

				2013				
		Final Budget	Actual		Variance over/under			2012 Actual
REVENUES	-	Duagei		Actual		ver/under	<del></del>	Actual
Local Sources:								
Tort immunity levy	\$	662,601	\$	646,342	\$	(16,259)	\$	716,506
Earnings on investments		4,776		(5,756)		(10,532)		6,775
Other				414		414		2,900
Total Local Sources		667,377		641,000		(26,377)		726,181
EXPENDITURES								
Support services:								
Workers' compensation or workers' occupational disease act payment:								
Purchased services		417,909		420,818		(2,909)		358,399
Total		417,909		420,818		(2,909)		358,399
Unemployment insurance payment:								
Employee benefits		33,825		9,366	-	24,459		33,825
Total		33,825		9,366		24,459		33,825
Insurance payment:								
Purchased services		9,484		174,284		(164,800)		168,664
Total		9,484		174,284		(164,800)		168,664
Risk management and claims services paymen	ts:							
Purchased services		23,500		2,371		21,129		7,215
Supplies and materials		-		-		-		1,871
Capital outlay		-				<del>-</del>		2,900
Total		23,500		2,371		21,129		11,986
Educational, inspectional, supervisory services related to loss prevention of reduction:								
Supplies and materials				6,941		(6,941)		9,339
Total		<u>-</u> _		6,941		(6,941)		9,339
Total support	\$	484,718	\$	613,780	\$	(129,062)	\$	582,213

### TORT IMMUNITY AND JUDGMENT ACCOUNT

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	<u></u>		 2013				
	Final Budget		Actual		/ariance ver/under		2012 Actual
Property insurance: Purchased services	\$.	164,800	\$ · .	\$	164,800	<u>\$</u>	
Total		164,800	 <u>.</u>		164,800		
Total Expenditures		649,518	 613,780		35,738		582,213
Excess of revenues over expenditures	\$	17,859	27,220	\$	9,361	:	143,968
Fund balance at beginning of year			1,583,402				1,439,434
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR			 1,610,622	:		\$	1,583,402

### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2013

	Transportation	Municipal Retirement/ Social Security	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
ASSETS					
Assets:					
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$ 3,068,551	\$ 1,288,881	\$ 3,269,734	\$ 5,707,915	\$ 13,335,081
Property taxes	486,132	778,506	1,536,094		2,800,732
Due from other governments	139,948	· -	-	-	139,948
Other receivables	10,290	5,831	2,438	60	18,619
Other assets	1,503	<u>-</u>	185,858		187,361
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 3,706,424	\$ 2,073,218	\$ 4,994,124	\$ 5,707,975	\$ 16,481,741
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCI	<u>E</u>				·
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 37,563	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 819,612	\$ 857,175
Deferred revenue	486,132	778,506	1,536,094	· -	2,800,732
Total Liabilities	523,695	778,506	1,536,094	819,612	3,657,907
Fund Balance:					
Restricted	3,182,729	1,294,712	3,458,030	4,888,363	12,823,834
Total Fund Balance	3,182,729	1,294,712	3,458,030	4,888,363	12,823,834
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND			,		
FUND BALANCE	\$ 3,706,424	\$ 2,073,218	\$ 4,994,124	\$ 5,707,975	\$ 16,481,741

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Transportation	Municipal Retirement/ Social Security	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES					
Local sources	\$1,274,258	\$1,809,720	\$2,844,546	\$ (2,127)	\$ 5,926,397
State sources	704,979	<del>-</del> .		<u>-</u>	704,979
Total Revenues	1,979,237	1,809,720	2,844,546	(2,127)	6,631,376
EXPENDITURES					
Current operating:					
Instruction	-	931,674	-		931,674
Support services	1,625,743	1,293,417		2,678,235	5,597,395
Community services	-	100,962	-		100,962
Debt service:					
Principal	-	-	2,160,000	-	2,160,000
Interest and other	<del></del> .	-	631,465		631,465
Total Expenditures	1,625,743	2,326,053	2,791,465	2,678,235	9,421,496
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	353,494	(516,333)	53,081	(2,680,362)	(2,790,120)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USE	S) ·				
Transfers In	-	-	-	5,500,000	5,500,000
Transfers Out			(12,705)		(12,705)
Total other financing sources (uses)			(12,705)	5,500,000	5,487,295
Net changes in fund balance	353,494	(516,333)	40,376	2,819,638	2,697,175
Fund balances at beginning of year	2,829,235	1,811,045	3,417,654	2,068,725	10,126,659
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR	\$3,182,729	\$1,294,712	\$3,458,030	\$4,888,363	\$ 12,823,834

### TRANSPORTATION FUND

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		•		
	Final		Variance	2012
	Budget	Actual	over/under	Actual
REVENUES				
Local Sources:				
General tax levy	\$ 1,225,393	\$ 1,205,431	\$ (19,962)	\$ 1,563,980
Regular transportation fees	91,580	63,008	(28,572)	84,450
Summer transportation fees	-	-	-	6,630
Earnings on investments	10,168	5,819	(4,349)	13,884
Other			<u> </u>	400
Total Local Sources	1,327,141	1,274,258	(52,883)	1,669,344
State Sources:				
Transportation aid	535,896	704,979	169,083	663,239
Transportation aid		7013575	100,000	
Total State Sources	535,896	704,979	169,083	663,239
Total Revenues	1,863,037	1,979,237	116,200	2,332,583
EXPENDITURES				•
Current operating:				
Support Services:		•		<b>\</b>
Pupil Transportation Services:				
Salaries	30,628	30,628	-	30,628
Purchased services	1,605,400	1,595,115	10,285	1,552,392
•				
Total Support Services	1,636,028	1,625,743	10,285	1,583,020
Total Expenditures	1,636,028	1,625,743	10,285	1,583,020
Excess of revenues over expenditures	\$ 227,009	353,494	\$ 126,485	749,563
Fund balance at beginning of year		2,829,235		2,079,672
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR		\$ 3,182,729		\$ 2,829,235

### MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT/SOCIAL SECURITY FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		2013		
	Final		Variance	2012
	Budget	Actual	over/under_	Actual
REVENUES				
Local Sources:				
General tax levy	\$ 1,002,896	\$ 854,208	\$ (148,688)	\$ 1,005,721
Social security/medicare only levy	921,896	854,208	(67,688)	1,005,499
Corporate replacement taxes	94,687	94,687	(2.122)	108,722
Earnings on investments	8,740	6,617	(2,123)	8,871
Total Local Sources	2,028,219	1,809,720	(218,499)	2,128,813
Total Revenues	2,028,219	1,809,720	(218,499)	2,128,813
EXPENDITURES				
Current operating:				
Instruction				
Regular programs	359,285	359,441	(156)	325,956
Special education programs	553,462	538,981	14,481	497,140
Interscholastic programs	2,895	2,411	.484	2,605
Summer school programs	8,135	8,572	(437)	7,282
Gifted programs	17,648	16,777	871	15,986
Bilingual programs	6,677	5,492	1,185	6,070
Total Instruction	948,102	931,674	16,428	855,039
Support Services		•		
Pupils	103,582	171,791	(68,209)	93,373
Instructional staff	90,455	83,511	6,944	81,449
General admitistration	44,857	71,304	(26,447)	40,326
School administration	185,053	203,626	(18,573)	166,281
Business	634,249	610,022	24,227	568,759
Central	182,778	153,163	29,615	164,059
Total support services	1,240,974	1,293,417	(52,443)	1,114,247
Community services				
Community services - employee benefits	113,608	100,962	12,646	100,966
Total Expenditures	2,302,684	2,326,053	(23,369)	2,070,252
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$ (274,465)	(516,333)	\$ (241,868)	58,561
Fund balance at beginning of year		1,811,045		1,752,484
		•		
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR		\$ 1,294,712		\$ 1,811,045

### DEBT SERVICE FUND

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		2013		
	Final		Variance	2012
	Budget	Actual	over/under_	Actual
REVENUES				
Local Sources:				
General tax levy	\$ 2,797,362	\$ 2,863,992	\$ 66,630	\$ 3,101,099
Earnings on investments	9,261	(19,446)	(28,707)	9,261
Total Local Sources	2,806,623	2,844,546	37,923	3,110,360
Total Revenues	2,806,623	2,844,546	37,923	3,110,360
EXPENDITURES				
Debt service:		•		
Principal retirement	2,160,000	2,160,000	-	2,055,000
Interest on bonds	627,888	627,888	-	739,300
Other	12,339	3,577_	8,762	3,579
Total Expenditures	2,800,227	2,791,465	8,762	2,797,879
Excess of revenues				
over expenditures	6,396	53,081	46,685	312,481
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers out	(9,261)	(12,705)	(3,444)	(11,611)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(9,261)	(12,705)	(3,444)	(11,611)
Net changes in fund balance	\$ (2,865)	40,376	\$ 43,241	300,870
Fund balance at beginning of year		3,417,654		3,116,784
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR		\$ 3,458,030		\$ 3,417,654

### CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		2013	· .	
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance over/under	2012 Actual
REVENUES				
Local Sources:		(2.125)	A (4.60E)	
Earnings on investments	\$ 2,500	\$ (2,127)	\$ (4,627)	\$ 1,218
Total Local Sources	2,500	(2,127)	(4,627)	1,218
Total Revenues	2,500	(2,127)	(4,627)	1,218
EXPENDITURES				
Facilities acquisition:				
Purchased services	550,000	330,029	219,971	376,333
Supplies and materials	2,500,000		2,500,000	-
Capital outlay	<del>-</del> _	2,348,206	(2,348,206)	556,160
Total support services	3,050,000	2,678,235	371,765	932,493
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	(3,047,500)	(2,680,362)	367,138	(931,275)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Transfers in		5,500,000	5,500,000	3,000,000
Net changes in fund balance	\$ (3,047,500)	2,819,638	\$ 5,867,138	2,068,725
Fund balance at beginning of year		2,068,725		<del>-</del>
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR		\$ 4,888,363		\$ 2,068,725

### AGENCY FUND - ACTIVITY FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Balance July 1, 2012			dditions	D	eductions	Balance June 30, 2013	
Assets:								
Cash		214,771		425,952	\$	545,258	\$	95,465
Liabilities:					•			
Due to organizations	\$	214,771	_\$	425,952	\$	545,258	\$	95,465

# SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAX RATES, EXTENSIONS AND COLLECTIONS LAST FIVE TAX LEVY YEARS

	2012			2011		2010		2009		2008
Assessed Valuation	\$1,705,216,2	05	<b>\$</b> 1	843,115,448	\$2.	016,342,297	\$2.	137,881,366	\$2.	121,453,047
Rates extended:	Ψ1,705,210,2	<u> </u>	Ψ.1,		4-,	010,010,001	<u> </u>	,	<del>,</del>	
Educational	2.77	10		2.3906		2.1686		1.8996		1.9570
Tort immunity	0.03			0.0394		0.0360		0.0635		0.0595
Special education	0.02			0.0284		0.0240		0.0212		0.0158
Operations and maintenance	0.47			0.4513		0.3815		0.3177		0.2917
Transportation	0.05			0.0805		0.0841		0.0953		0.0893
Illinois municipal retirement/										
Social security	0.09	30		0.1036		0.1080		0.1122		0,1012
Debt service	0.17	52		0.1621		0.1483		0.1258		0.1271
Working cash	0.02	.33		0.0282		0.0000		0.0500		0.0428
_										
Total rates extended	3.65	83		3.2841		2.9505		2.6853	_	2.6844
Property tax extensions:										
Educational	\$ 47,251,5		\$	44,061,698	\$	43,726,428	\$	40,611,477	\$	41,516,066
Tort immunity	593,4			726,892		726,337		1,358,238		1,262,871
Special education	397,3			523,689		484,225		452,746		335,209
Operations and maintenance	8,178,2			8,318,803		7,691,912		6,791,191		6,189,180
Transportation	990,7	30		1,483,786		1,694,787		2,037,358		1,894,305
Illinois municipal retirement/										
Social security	1,585,8			1,907,724		2,179,012		2,399,554		2,146,881
Debt service	2,988,0	64		2,987,250		2,991,030		2,690,520		2,697,385
Working cash	397,3	15		519,209		-		1,068,457		908,869
Total levies extended	\$ 62,382,4	46	\$	60,529,051	\$	59,493,731	_\$_	57,409,541	_\$_	56,950,766
Total collections	\$ 31,687,8	<u> 864</u>	\$	60,377,816	_\$_	57,441,746	_\$_	56,434,406	\$	55,601,702
Percentage of extensions										
collected	50.8	80%		99.75%		96.55%		98.30%		97.63%

Tax rates are expressed in dollars per one hundred of assessed valuation.

Source of information: Cook County Levy, Rate and Extension Reports for 2008-2012.

OPERATING COST AND TUITION CHARGE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 AND JUNE 30, 2012

	<del></del>	
	2013	2012
Expenditures:	•	
Educational Fund	\$ 53,213,638	\$ 52,638,391
Operations and Maintenance Fund	5,195,556	7,187,158
Debt Service Fund	2,791,465	2,797,879
Transportation Fund	1,625,743	1,583,020
Municipal Retirement/Social Security Fund	2,326,053	2,070,252
Tort Immunity Fund	613,780	582,213
Total expenditures	65,766,235	66,858,913
Less revenues/expenditures not applicable to operating expense of regular program:		
Summer school	222,599	212,654
Tuition paid	1,090,042	937,973
Community services	968,511	1,010,874
Capital outlay	403,041	2,407,057
Bond and other principal retired	2,160,000	2,055,000
Payments to other districts and governmental units	1,596,744	2,614,548
	6,440,937	9,238,106
Regular operating expenditures	59,325,298	57,620,807
Offsetting revenues	7,667,535	7,022,106
Net operating expenditures	51,657,763	50,598,701
Depreciation allowance	1,573,286	1,498,759
Total allowance for tuition computation	\$ 53,231,049	\$ 52,097,460
Average daily attendance	3,985	3,908
Per capita tuition charge	\$ 13,357	\$ 13,332

Source of information: 2013 & 2012 annual financial reports