Your School Calendar
How Is It Determined?

FCPS staff works with a Calendar Committee to prepare calendar options for upcoming school years for the Board of Education's review, modification and approval. The Board publishes the proposed calendar and solicits input from employees and the community.

The chief objective of calendar design is to maximize the amount of instructional time in full-week sessions. The greatest challenge is balancing this objective with the following scheduling factors:

- Federal, state and local Board-approved holidays
- State-required 180-day school year for students
- Mandated state and national testing dates (HSA, MCAP, PSAT, SAT, AP)
- Parent-teacher conferences
- Adequate days for terms and semesters
- Negotiated work years for employee groups
- Time for teacher training and work sessions
- Availability of commencement ceremony facilities
- Local college schedules
- Community priorities

The school-year end date usually allows for at least 4-5 snow or other emergency closings. If all are not needed, the school year is shortened by the number of unused days to meet the 180-day minimum for student days. If more make-up days are required, they may be added as necessary. The Board includes make-up dates in the calendar.

The length of spring break, parent-teacher conference dates, teacher work days and a variety other dates are subject to change from one school calendar to the next.